

Answer Key to
Introduction to Hebrew
by
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Author's note:

- Translations are generally as wooden (read: literal) as possible.
- Per standard conventions, יהוה will be rendered “the LORD”
- For verbal paradigms, not all forms are included in this answer key. Generally only one form is included, and reference is made to any deviations from the norm that the other roots might show.
- This project has compiled in Google Docs, which does not seem to include a stress marker in its Hebrew package. Therefore, forms marked with a stress marker in the textbook are not marked in this answer key.
- Also, this is an open document, and can easily (and gladly) be edited. For any errors or formatting issues, please do not hesitate to email p.a.major@gmail.com.
- Any interpretational or parsing errors are my own, and not those of Dr. Fullilove.

9/16/19

P.M.

1.8: Language Exercises

B. *answers may vary depending on lexicon used, but should include one of the following*

1. דֶּרֶךְ | דֶּ - way, road, path
2. כֹּהֵן | כֹּ - priest
3. כֶּסֶף | כֶּ - silver, money
4. זָהָב | זָ - gold
5. מֶלֶךְ | מֶ - king
6. מִנְחָה | מִנְ - offering
7. כֵּן | כֵּ - therefore
8. חָזָק | חָ - strong
9. זָקֵן | זָ - old, elder
10. כֹּתֵן | כֹּת | כֹּ - curtain

1.9: Exegetical Exercises - The Acrostic

A. Acrostic Poems

1. ג (Gimel) - Ps. 119:17-24 (8 verses)
ע (Ayin) - Ps. 119:121-128 (8 verses)
2. a. 21 verses. Two letters are missing. Sin and Nun.
b. נ (Nun) is missing
c. v. 13, is twice as long as the other verses
d. נ (Nun)

B. Book Names

| Hebrew Book Name | Latin Book Name | English Book Name(s) |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ויקרא | Leviticus | Leviticus |
| משלי | Proverbia | Proverbs |
| דברי הימים א | Chronica I | 1 Chronicles |
| מלכים א | Regum I | 1 Kings |
| מלאכי | Maleachi | Malachi |
| שיר השירים | Canticum | Song of Solomon/Songs/ Canticles |
| קהלת | Ecclesiastes/Qohelet ¹ | Ecclesiastes |

¹ The Latin name is "Ecclesiastes". However, BHS has Qohelet on the header of the book itself. Qohelet is a transliteration of the Hebrew form.

Chapter 2 (ב)

Learning to Speak, Part 2; Adjectives

2.10: Language Exercises

| A. | Form | Gender | Number |
|-----|----------|--------|--------|
| | חֲזָקִים | masc. | pl. |
| 1. | חֲזָקָה | fem. | sg. |
| 2. | חֲזָק | masc. | sg. |
| 3. | חֲזָקָה | fem. | sg. |
| 4. | חֲזָקִים | masc. | pl. |
| 5. | חֲזָק | masc. | sg. |
| 6. | חֲזָקוֹת | fem. | pl. |
| 7. | טוֹב | masc. | sg. |
| 8. | טוֹבִים | masc. | pl. |
| 9. | טוֹבוֹת | fem. | pl. |
| 10. | טוֹבָה | fem. | sg. |

B.

1. Moses was very/exceedingly great.
2. David was old.
3. Joseph was alive/living.
4. Isaac was old.²

C.

2 Chron. 12:6 - The LORD is righteous/just.

Eccl. 2:19 - This is also/also this is vanity/emptiness/vapor/breath

Gen. 48:8 - Whose are these?

Deut 4:31 - The LORD is compassionate.

Judg. 9:28 - Who is Abimelech?

Mic. 6:8 - What is good?

² Word order in Hebrew is fluid; i.e. subject may follow its adjective

2.11: Exegetical Exercises - Letter Confusion and Text Criticism

B. Ruth 4:5

1. תִּשְׁתַּחֲוֶה+ו (note: assimilation of ו)
2. ג (Gimel) and ו (Vav)
3. “On the day that you acquire the field from Naomi, *also with* (in addition to) Ruth the Moabitess, the wife of the dead man...”

C. Isaiah 11:15

1. It seems unlikely that scribes could have confused ך for ם (in the Aramaic “square” script).³

³ But, read 2.11.C.2 (p. 27), for further consideration.

3.9: Language Exercises

A. Refer to paradigm on p. 29 of textbook

B. For כרת refer to paradigm on p. 30 of textbook. זכר is given, for others compare to paradigm on p. 29.

| | |
|-----|------------|
| 3ms | זָכַר |
| 3fs | זָכְרָה |
| 2ms | זָכַרְתֶּם |
| 2fs | זָכַרְתֶּן |
| 1cs | זָכַרְתִּי |
| 3cp | זָכְרוּ |
| 2mp | זָכַרְתֶּם |
| 2fp | זָכַרְתֶּן |
| 1cp | זָכַרְנוּ |

C.

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Root | Gloss |
|-------------|------|---------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------------------------|
| קָטַלְתִּי | Qal | Perfect | 1 | c | s | קטל | I killed |
| קָטַלְתָּ | Qal | Perfect | 2 | f | p | קטל | you (fp) killed |
| גָּדְלוּ | Qal | Perfect | 3 | c | p | גדל | they became great |
| אָבַדְתָּ | Qal | Perfect | 2 | m | s | אבד | you (ms) died |
| זָכַרְתָּם | Qal | Perfect | 2 | m | p | זכר | you (mp) remembered |
| עָבַדְתָּ | Qal | Perfect | 2 | m | s | עבד | you (ms) served |
| אָכַלְתָּ | Qal | Perfect | 2 | f | s | אכל | you (fs) ate |
| שָׁמַרְנוּ | Qal | Perfect | 1 | c | p | שמר | we guarded |
| לָקַחְתָּ | Qal | Perfect | 2 | f | s | לקח | you (fs) took |
| כָּרַעְתָּם | Qal | Perfect | 2 | m | p | כרת | you (mp) cut |

D.

- 2 Kings 8:25** - Ahaziah ruled : מָלַךְ = Qal Perfect 3ms (מלך) “he ruled”
Gen. 26:13 - He was very great : גָּדַל = Qal Perfect 3ms (גדל) “he was great”
Gen 13:12 - Abram dwelled/settled : יָשַׁב = Qal Perfect 3ms (ישב) “he dwelled/settled”
Josh. 13:8 - Moses gave : נָתַן = Qal Perfect 3ms (נתן) “he gave”
Judg. 8:34 - And they did not remember The LORD : זָכְרוּ = Qal Perfect 3cp (זכר) “they remembered”
Ps. 6:10 - The LORD heard : שָׁמַע = Qal Perfect 3ms (שמע) “he heard”
Jer. 23:21 - I did not send : שָׁלַחְתִּי = Qal Perfect 1cs (שלח) “I sent”
Josh. 9:16 - They cut (made) a covenant : כָּרְתוּ⁴ = Qal Perfect 3cp (כרת) “They cut/made”
Ex. 31:6 - I gave wisdom : נָתַתִּי = Qal Perfect 1cs (נתן) “I gave”
Gen. 2:20 - He did not find a helper : מָצָא = Qal Perfect 3ms (מצא) “he found”
Gen. 3:1 - The LORD God made : עָשָׂה⁵ = Qal Perfect 3ms (עשה) “he made”
Gen. 17:19 - God said : אָמַר = Qal Perfect 3ms (אמר) “he said”
Judg. 4:12 - Barak went up/ascended : עָלָה⁶ = Qal Perfect 3ms (עלה) “he went up/ascended”
1 Kings 15:19 - I sent silver and gold : שָׁלַחְתִּי = Qal Perfect 1cs (שלח) “I sent”
Ruth 4:3 - Naomi sold : מָכְרָה = Qal Perfect 3fs (מכר) “she sold”
Gen. 31:32 - Jacob did not know : יָדַע = Qal Perfect 3ms (ידע) “he knew”
Ps. 10:11 - God forgot : שָׁכַח = Qal Perfect 3ms (שכח) “he forgot”
Gen. 4:23 - I killed a man : הָרַגְתִּי = Qal Perfect 1cs (הרג) “I killed”
Ruth 1:12 - And I also bore/begat (sons) : יָלַדְתִּי = Qal Perfect 1cs (ילד) “I bore/begat”

3.10: Exegetical Exercises

1. קוּם = to rise, arise, stand
2. קָמַתִּי = Qal Perfect 1cs (קום) “I rose/arose/stood”
3. Given the data learned thus far, it would appear that the CEB and RSV translations are incorrect. However, continue reading on pg. 43.

⁴ Though the MT omits a metheg under the qameṣ, it is not a qameṣ hatuṣ. Therefore, it is a long a-class vowel, and the following shewa is vocal. This has implications for reading aloud. Remember that “all grammars leak” and the metheg was not used consistently. It is a pattern to follow, but not an ironclad rule.

⁵ The ה is a mater (vowel letter) of the root and should not be confused with the 3fs suffix.

⁶ see previous note

Chapter 4 (ד)

Basic Nouns; The Definite Article

4.8: Languages Exercises

A. Refer to paradigm on pg. 43 of textbook

B.

| Hebrew | Gender | Number | Lexical Form | Gloss |
|-----------|--------|--------|--------------|-------------|
| אֲדֹנִים | m | p | אָדוֹן | lords |
| מְלָאכִים | m | p | מְלָאךְ | messengers |
| זָקְנָה | f | s | זָקֵן | old (f) |
| יוֹמִים | m | d | יוֹם | two days |
| הָרִים | m | p | הָר | mountains |
| גּוֹיִם | m | p | גּוֹי | nations |
| זֵיתִים | m | p | זֵית | olive trees |
| קוֹלֹת | f | p | קוֹל | voices (f) |
| חֲזָקִים | m | p | חֲזָק | strong (mp) |

C.

Gen. 2:11 - There was the gold : *verbless*

Deut. 12:2 - The nations served there : עָבְדוּ = Qal Perfect 3cp (עבד) “they served”⁷

Isa. 17:10 - You (fs) did not remember the rock : זָכַרְתָּ = Qal Perfect 2fs (זכר) “you (fs) remembered”

Josh. 4:22 - Israel (ms) passed over the Jordan : עָבַר = Qal Perfect 3ms (עבר) “he passed over”

Gen 1:5 - And he called the darkness “night” : קָרָא = Qal Perfect 3ms (קרא) “he called”

1 Sam. 13:13 - You (ms) did not keep the commandment : שָׁמַרְתָּ = Qal Perfect 2ms (שמר) “you (ms) kept”

Gen. 3:6 - The tree was good : *verbless*

Josh. 7:11 - They took the devoted/banned (thing) : לָקְחוּ = Qal Perfect 3cp (לקח) “they took”

Gen. 38:23 - I sent the kid/young goat : שָׁלַחְתִּי = Qal Perfect 1cs (שלח) “I sent”

1 Sam. 7:17 - And there he judged Israel : שָׁפַט = Qal Perfect 3ms (שפט) “he judged”

⁷ Without the context, this could be understood as “they served the nations there.”

4.9: Exegetical Exercises - Transcription

Note: The glosses below comprise the “semantic range” of these terms, and lays the foundation for the Exegetical Exercises found in 5.7 (Fullilove pp. 63-66).

- A. אִישׁ - man, husband; אִשָּׁה - woman, wife
- B. יָסַר - to teach, discipline (v); מִוְסָר - teaching, discipline (n)
- C. יָשַׁע - to deliver, save
- D. מִשְׁפָּט - law, custom, ritual
- E. עָמַד - to stand; סָבַן - to be of use

5.6: Language Exercises

A. Refer to paradigm on pg. 54 of textbook

B. All forms match the vowel pointing of יקטל, except עבר⁸:

| | |
|-----|----------------|
| 3ms | יַעְבֵּר |
| 3fs | תַּעְבֵּר |
| 2ms | תַּעְבְּרוּ |
| 2fs | תַּעְבְּרִי |
| 1cs | אֶעְבֵּר |
| 3mp | יַעְבְּרוּ |
| 3fp | תַּעְבְּרֶנָּה |
| 2mp | תַּעְבְּרוּ |
| 2fp | תַּעְבְּרֶנָּה |
| 1cp | נַעְבֵּר |

⁸ also note that for זכר, a dagesh lene should be added to the כ after a silent shewa, because it is syllable-initial, and therefore a stop. On the other hand, the כ in כרת will not take a dagesh lene, due to the prefixes.

C.

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Root | Gloss |
|-------------|------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------------------------|
| אָזכֵּר | Qal | Imperfect | 1 | c | s | זכר | I will remember |
| כָּרַתִּי | Qal | Perfect | 1 | c | s | כרת | I (have) cut |
| נִקַּח | Qal | Imperfect | 1 | c | p | לקח | we will take |
| תִּשְׁמָעוּ | Qal | Imperfect | 2 | m | p | שמע | you (mp) will hear |
| אָמַרְתִּי | Qal | Perfect | 1 | c | s | אמר | I said |
| לָבַשְׁתָּ | Qal | Perfect | 2 | m | s | לבש | you (ms) (have) put on |
| יִבְטַח | Qal | Imperfect | 3 | m | s | בטח | he will trust |
| תִּלְקַדּוּ | Qal | Imperfect | 2 | m | p | לכד | you (mp) will take |
| סָפַרְתֶּם | Qal | Perfect | 2 | m | p | ספר | you (mp) wrote/ counted |
| יִזְבְּחוּ | Qal | Imperfect | 3 | m | p | זבח | they will slaughter |

D.

Num. 22:18 - If Balak gives silver and gold : יָתֵן = Qal Imperfect 3ms (נתן) “he gives”

Judg. 6:34 - And [the] spirit (f) clothed Gideon : לָבָשָׁה = Qal Perfect 3fs (לבש) “she clothed”

1 Sam. 20:21 - I send/am sending the youth : אֶשְׁלַח = Qal Imperfect 1cs (שלח) “I send/am sending”

Deut. 16:6 - There you (ms) will slaughter the passover (lamb) : תִּזְבַּח = Qal Imperfect 2ms (זבח) “you will slaughter”

Deut 13:12 - Israel (mp) hears : יִשְׁמְעוּ = Qal Imperfect 3mp (שמע) “they hear”

Ex. 15:18 - The LORD rules forever : יִמְלֹךְ = Qal Imperfect 3ms (מלך) “he rules”

2 Sam. 1:19 - How the mighty (ones) have fallen : נָפְלוּ = Qal Perfect 3cp (נפל) “they fell/have fallen”

Gen 16:5 - The LORD judges/will judge : יִשְׁפֹּט = Qal Imperfect 3ms (שפט) “he judges/will judge”

Ruth 3:13 - If he redeems, he redeems well : יִגְאֹל = Qal Imperfect 3ms (גאל) “he redeems”

Isa. 13:17 - They (m) who do not value/esteem silver nor they who (m) desire gold :

a. יִקְשְׁבוּ = Qal Imperfect 3mp (קשב) “they (m) value/esteem”

b. יִתְפַּצְּרוּ = Qal Imperfect 3mp (תפצר) “they (m) desire”

5.7: Exegetical Exercises - Semantic Range

A. Generally, these are used in reference to the “killing” of another human being; though, especially in Numbers, Deuteronomy, and Joshua, premeditated murder is not considered, but accidental “manslaughter”. Therefore, a preliminary semantic range would mean “to kill another human, whether intentional or not.”

B. “You shall not kill another human, even unintentionally”

- “Thou shalt not kill” is too broad, because the root seems to indicate human death.
- “Thou shalt not murder” is too narrow, because accidental death would not fall under the meaning of “murder”.

C. BDB: “murder, slay”⁹; Holladay: “kill”¹⁰

- both of these standard lexica give a simple gloss (further elaborated in detail), neither of which represent the full semantic range of the term.

⁹ BDB 953.

¹⁰ Holladay (1988), 346.

D.



- a. the choice of רצח indicates the taking of life in a context wherein the agent does not have the authority to do such.
- b. Contrariwise, the use of הרג would seem to indicate a broader meaning, including such judicial sentencings that call for an authority to take the life of another.

Chapter 6 (ו)

Segolate and Geminate Nouns; Prefixed Prepositions

6.6: Language Exercises

A.

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Root | Gloss |
|------------|------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------------------------|
| תִּלְבַּשׁ | Qal | Imperfect | 3/2 | f/m | s | לִבַּשׁ | She/you (ms) will put on |
| גָּאֵלְתָּ | Qal | Perfect | 2 | m | s | גָּאֵל | You (ms) redeemed |
| יִלְכְּדוּ | Qal | Imperfect | 3 | m | p | לָכַד | They will take |
| נִכְבְּד | Qal | Imperfect | 1 | c | p | כָּבַד | We will be honored |
| תִּכְרְתוּ | Qal | Imperfect | 2 | m | p | כָּרַת | You (mp) will cut |
| נָתַתִּי | Qal | Perfect | 1 | c | s | נָתַן | I gave |
| יִגְשׁוּ | Qal | Imperfect | 3 | m | p | גָּשׁ | They will approach |
| יִסְפֹּר | Qal | Imperfect | 3 | m | s | סָפַר | He will writes |
| לִקְחָתָּ | Qal | Perfect | 2 | f | s | לָקַח | You (fs) took |
| אֶעְבֵּר | Qal | Imperfect | 1 | c | s | עָבַר | I will pass over |

B. Translate the following prepositional phrases.

1. In the place
2. For/to words
3. In blood
4. On the day
5. In heaven (the heavens)
6. For a burnt offering
7. Like the prophets
8. On a day
9. For/to a woman
10. In the house
11. For/to the man

C.

Ex. 12:25 - The land which the LORD will give : יִתֵּן = Qal Imperfect 3ms (נתן) “he will give”

Gen. 36:31 - The kings who reigned in the land : מָלְכוּ = Qal Perfect 3cp (מלך) “they reigned”

1 Sam. 4:18 - The man was old and heavy :

a. זָקֵן = Qal Perfect 3ms (זקן) “he was old”

b. כָּבֵד = Qal Perfect 3ms (כבד) “he was heavy”

Ex. 21:32 - He gives silver to the lord/master : יִתֵּן = Qal Imperfect 3ms (נתן) “he will give”

Jer. 27:8 - The nation and the kingdom which (they) do not serve Nebuchadnezzar : יַעֲבֹדוּ = Qal Imperfect 3mp (עבד) “they serve”

1 Sam. 26:16 - The thing is not good which you (mp) have not kept : שָׁמַרְתֶּם = Qal Perfect 2mp (שמר) “you (mp) kept”

1 Kings 11:11 - And you did not keep the covenant : שָׁמַרְתָּ = Qal Perfect 2ms (שמר) “you (ms) kept”

Deut. 32:30 - How will one pursue a thousand? : יִרְדֹּף = Qal Imperfect 3ms (רדף) “he pursues”

Num. 4:15 - And they will not reach unto the holiness/holy thing : יִגְעוּ = Qal Imperfect 3mp (געע) “they will touch/reach”

Gen. 43:1 - And the famine (m) was heavy in the land : כָּבֵד = Qal Perfect 3ms (כבד) “he was heavy”

6.7: Exegetical Exercises - Meaning in Context

- A. **בַּעַל** generally means “owner”; hence, “lord” and “master”. It also has nuances meaning “husband”, “partner”, and “citizen”. All of these are in addition to the common designation of Canaanite deities (cf. Ugaritic *ba‘al*).
- B. In Judges 9:3, it could be translated as “lords” (as in land-owners) or as “citizens” (not necessarily land-owners).
- C. **קְבוֹד** ranges in meaning from weightiness and number to majesty and glory. In Exodus 33:22 it indicates God’s impressive appearance, akin to his majesty and glory.

Chapter 7 (ז)

Qal Volitives

7.7: Language Exercises

A. Refer to paradigm on p. 79 of textbook

B.

| | מלך | שמר | עבר | זכר | פרת |
|-----|-------------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 2ms | מֶלֶךְ | שָׁמַר | עָבַר | זָכַר | פָּרַת |
| 2fs | מַלְכִי | שָׁמְרִי | עָבְרִי | זָכְרִי | פָּרַתִּי |
| 2mp | מַלְכֵּנוּ | שָׁמְרוּ | עָבְרוּ | זָכְרוּ | פָּרְתוּ |
| 2fp | מַלְכֵינָהּ | שָׁמְרָהּ | עָבְרָהּ | זָכְרָהּ | פָּרְתָהּ |

C. Abbreviations: Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Root | Gloss |
|-------------|------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------------------------------|
| לְבַשׁ | Qal | Impv | 2 | m | s | ל.ב.שׁ | Put on (ms)! |
| יָגֵשׁ | Qal | Impf | 3 | m | s | נ.ג.שׁ | He will come near |
| חֲשַׁבְתָּ | Qal | Perfect | 2 | m | s | ח.ש.ב | You (ms) valued/esteemed |
| יִלְבְּשׁוּ | Qal | Impf | 3 | m | p | ל.ב.שׁ | They (mp) are putting on |
| בָּשׂ | Qal | Impv | 2 | m | s | נ.ג.שׁ | Come (ms)! |
| נָפְלָהּ | Qal | Perf | 3 | m | f | נ.פ.ל | She fell |
| תִּפְלְנָהּ | Qal | Impf | 3/2 | f | p | נ.פ.ל | They (f) /You (fp) will fall |
| סָפְרוּ | Qal | Impv | 2 | m | p | ס.פ.ר | Count |

| | | | | | | | |
|----------|-----|---------|---|---|---|-------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | (mp)! |
| גע | Qal | Impv | 2 | m | s | נגע | Touch (ms)! |
| פֿבֿרדֿה | Qal | Perfect | 3 | f | s | פֿבֿר | She was heavy |

D.

Gen. 30:25 - (Such as) when Rachel bore Joseph : יִלְדָּה = Qal Perfect 3fs (ילד) “she bore”

Gen. 15:5 - And count (ms) the stars! : עֹפֵר = Qal Impv 2ms (ספר) “count (ms)!”

Judg. 4:16 - And Barak pursued the chariot and the camp : רָדַף = Qal Perfect 3ms (רדף) “he chased”

Joel 2:16 - Gather (mp) the people of the congregation! Gather (mp)! (or “Gather the people! Gather the congregation!”) :

a. אָסְפוּ = Qal Impv 2mp (אסף) “Gather (mp)!”

b. קִבְּצוּ = Qal Impv 2mp (קבץ) “Gather (mp)!”

Isa. 22:10 - You (mp) counted the houses in Jerusalem : סָפַרְתֶּם = Qal Perfect 2mp (ספר) “you (mp) counted”

Josh. 10:42 - And Joshua captured the kingdoms and the land : לָכַד = Qal Perfect 3ms (לכד) “he captured”

Gen. 30:31 - Jacob said, “You (ms) will not give anything” (or, “Jacob said, ‘she will not give anything’”) : תִּתֶּנּוּ = Qal Jussive 2ms or 3fs (נתן) “You (ms) will give” or “She will give”

1 Sam. 2:15 - He said to the man, “Give meat to the priest!” :

a. אָמַר = Qal Perfect 3ms (אמר) “he said”

b. תִּנֶּה = Qal Impv 2ms + paragoric ה (possibly emphatic or persuasive) (נתן) “Give (ms)!”

Ex. 8:21 - Pharaoh called Moses (and) said, “Go (mp)! Sacrifice (mp) to God in the land” :

a. קָרָא = Qal Perfect 3ms (קרא) “he called”

b. אָמַר = Qal Perfect 3ms (אמר) “he said”

c. לֵכוּ = Qal Impv 2mp (הלך) “Go (mp)!”

d. זָבָחוּ = Qal Impv 2mp (זבח) “Sacrifice (mp)!”

Gen. 33:12 - Esau said “Let us go” : נֵלְכָה = Qal Cohortative 1cp (הלך) “Let us go”

7.8: Exegetical Exercises - Types of Negation

A.

- a. You shall not (ever) murder¹¹
 - i. Qal Impf 2ms (רצח) “to murder/kill”
- b. You shall not (ever) commit adultery
 - i. Qal Impf 2ms (נאף)¹² “to commit adultery”
- c. You shall not (ever) steal
 - i. Qal Impf 2ms (גנב) “to steal”
- d. Do not (this once) pass by
 - i. Qal Impf 2ms (עבר) “to pass by”
- e. Do not (right now) fear (though, apparently it’s okay for Abram to fear later)
 - i. Qal Impf 2ms (ירא) “to fear”

B.

1. Qal Impv 2mp (שבר) “Buy (grain)!”
 - a. Go buy a little food for us
2. Qal Impf 2mp (ראה) “to see”
3. You will not (ever) see my face unless your brother is with you
4. On-going negation. There is a severity here, especially considering the thought of starving, because they would not (ever) get more food from Egypt, unless they brought Benjamin (also, Simeon is still imprisoned in Egypt).

C.

- a. Lev 3:17 = on-going
- b. 2 Chr 11:4 = on-going
- c. Ex 16:29 = one-time
- d. Lev 18:21 = on-going
- e. Joel 2:13 = one-time
- f. Gen 21:16 = one-time
- g. Ps 83:2 = one-time

¹¹ cf. 5.7 for a further discussion of this root.

¹² Note two peculiarities of this form: 1.) Nun does not assimilate to a following guttural, because gutturals can’t be doubled, and 2.) the pausal lengthening of the *patach* into a *qamatz*.

Chapter 8 (ח)

Particles

8.11: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Root | Gloss |
|-------------|------|---------|--------|--------|--------|------|----------------------------|
| תִּכְבְּדִי | Qal | Impf | 2 | f | s | כבד | You (fs) are heavy/honored |
| זָבַחוּ | Qal | Impv | 2 | m | p | זבח | Slaughter (mp)! |
| קְחִי | Qal | Impv | 2 | f | s | לקח | Take (fs)! |
| תִּגְעוּ | Qal | Impf | 2 | m | p | נגע | You (mp) are touching |
| אֶפְקֹד | Qal | Impf | 1 | c | s | פקד | I am missing/searching |
| בִּטַּחְתָּ | Qal | Perfect | 2 | m | s | בטח | You (ms) trusted |
| עֲבֹד | Qal | Impv | 2 | m | s | עבד | Work (ms)! |
| לָבְשׁוּ | Qal | Perfect | 3 | c | p | לבש | They clothed |
| נָפְלוּ | Qal | Impv | 2 | m | p | נפל | Fall (mp)! |
| יִסְפּוֹר | Qal | Impf | 3 | m | s | ספר | He will count |

B.

Ex. 8:6 - There is none like The LORD : *verbless*

Gen. 44:4 - Pursue (ms) after the men! : רָדַף = Qal Impv 2ms (רדף) “Pursue (ms)!”

Gen. 14:24 - Only that which the young men ate : אָכְלוּ = Qal Perfect 3cp (אכל) “they ate”

Gen. 47:4 - There is no pasture for the flock : *verbless*

Gen. 2:22 - The rib which he took from the man : לָקַח = Qal Perfect 3ms (לקח) “he took”

1 Sam. 7:5 - Gather (mp) Israel to (the) Mizpah! : קָבְצוּ = Qal Impv 2mp (קבץ) “Gather (mp)!”

Eccl. 7:20 - Surely there is not a righteous man on the earth who does good and does not sin :

a. יַעֲשֶׂה = Qal Impf 3ms (עשה) “he does”

b. יִחַטֵּא = Qal Impf 3ms (חטא) “he sins”

Gen. 14:21 - The king said unto Abram, “Give (ms) (to me) the people and take (ms) (for yourself) the property/goods!” :

a. אָמַר = Qal Perfect 3ms (אמר) “he said”

b. תֵּן = Qal Impv 2ms (נתן) “Give (ms)!”

c. קַח = Qal Impv 2ms (לקח) “Take (ms)!”

1 Chron. 21:2 - Go (mp), Count (ms) Israel from Beersheba (and) as far as Dan! :

a. לָכוּ = Qal Impv 2mp (הלך) “Go (mp)!”

b. סַפְּרוּ = Qal Impv 2mp (ספר) “Count (mp)!”

8.12: Exegetical Exercises - *Ketiv/Qere*

A.

| | <i>Ketiv</i> Consonants | <i>Qere</i> Consonants | Vocalized <i>Qere</i> |
|-------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Judg 9:8 | מלוכה | מלכה | מֶלֶכָה |
| 2 Sam 5:2 | הייתה מוציא | היית המוציא | הִיִּיתְ הַמוֹצִיא |
| | והמבי | והמביא | וְהַמְבִּיא |
| Gen 9:21 | אהלה | אהלו | אֶהְלוּ |
| 2 Kgs 20:4 | העיר | הצר | הָצַר |
| 1 Kgs 22:49 | עשר | עשה | עָשָׂה |
| Micah 1:3 | במותי | במתי | בְּמָתִי |

Chapter 9 (ט)

Independent Personal Pronouns; Qal Participles

9.8: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; P = Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Root | Gloss |
|------------|------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-----------------------------|
| אָהָבָה | Qal | P | 3 | f | s | אהב | She loved |
| הֹלְכוֹת | Qal | PtcA | -- | f | p | הלך | Ones (f) who go |
| מִלְכָּה | Qal | PtcA | -- | f | s | מלך | One (f) who rules |
| לָכוּ | Qal | Impv | 2 | m | p | הלך | Go (mp)! |
| זָכוּר | Qal | PtcP | -- | m | s | זכר | One (m) being remembered |
| נוֹתֵן | Qal | PtcA | -- | m | s | נתן | One (m) who gives |
| אֹהֶבֶת | Qal | PtcA | -- | f | s | אהב | One (f) who loves |
| קַח | Qal | Impv | 2 | m | s | לקח | Take (ms)! |
| יִגְדְּלוּ | Qal | Impf | 3 | m | p | גדל | They (mp) will become great |
| לְקָחִים | Qal | PtcP | -- | m | p | לקח | The ones (m) being taken |
| אֲהוּב | Qal | PtcP | -- | m | s | אהב | The one (m) being loved |
| זָכְרוּ | Qal | Impv | 2 | m | p | זכר | Remember (mp)! |

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----|------|-----|---|---|-----|--------------------------|
| הלכה | Qal | PtcA | -- | f | s | הלך | The one (f) who goes |
| תשלחנה | Qal | Impf | 3/2 | f | p | שלח | They (f) / You (fp) send |
| הלכתם | Qal | P | 2 | m | p | הלך | You (mp) went |

B.

Gen. 42:6 - And Joseph, he [is] the ruling one over the land : *verbless*

Ps. 119:127 - Because of this (Therefore), I have loved the commandments more than gold : אהבתי = Qal P 1cs (אהב) “I loved”

Lev. 26:36 - They have fallen, and there is no one pursuing :

a. נפלו = Qal P 3cp (נפל) “they fell”

b. רדף = Qal PtcA ms (רדף) “one who pursues”

Jer. 26:15 - Because you are givers of/giving innocent blood : נתנים = Qal PtcA mp (נתן) “ones (m) who give”

Num. 16:7 - The man whom the LORD chooses, he is the holy (one) : יבחר = Qal Impf 3ms (בחר) “he chooses”

Gen. 40:8 - A dream we have dreamed, and there is no interpreter :

a. חלמנו = Qal P 1cp (חלם) “we dreamed”

b. פתר = Qal PtcA ms (פתר) “one (m) who interprets”

Ps. 52:5 - You (ms) have loved evil more than good : אהבת = Qal P 2ms (אהב) “you loved”

Zech. 2:6 - Where are you going? : הלה = Qal PtcA ms (הלך) “going”

Ps. 32:10 - The one who trusts in the LORD : בושט = Qal PtcA ms (בטח) “one (m) who trusts”

Deut. 16:18 - You give ones who judge and officials :

a. שפטים = Qal PtcA mp (שפט) “ones (m) who judge”

b. שטרים = Qal PtcA mp (שטר)¹³

c. נתן = Qal Impf 2ms (נתן) “you (ms) give”

Judg. 4:22 - Behold/Look! Barak is pursuing Sisera : רדף = Qal PtcA ms (רדף) “pursuing”

Deut. 4:24 - For the LORD, he is a consuming fire, a jealous god : אכלה = Qal PtcA fs (אכל) “consuming”

Gen. 40:3 - The place where Joseph was a prisoner there : אסור = Qal PtcP ms (אסר) “one (m) who is imprisoned”

¹³ Though clearly a participle, this root is only attested in the Hebrew Bible as a substantive, i.e. “officials”

Gen. 2:10 - And the river is going forth from Eden : יָצָא = Qal PtcA ms (יָצָא) “going out/forth”

9.9: Exegetical Exercises - Appreciating Nuance

A. Jephthah and the Leaders of Gilead

- a. The general gloss is “head” or “leader/ruler”.
- b. The semantic range for ראש includes head, top, beginning, leader, total. In Judges 10:18, it seems to mean “leader”.
- c. And they said to Jephthah, “Come! and be for us a captain.” קָצִין is the word used for “captain”.
- d. Commander, leader, chief
- e. BDB indicates that it can mean “chief”, “ruler”, and even “dictator”. In this passage, it might simply mean that he will serve as a military leader, and not necessarily as a political leader.
- f. His use of ראש seems to assert that he wants to be more than just a military leader, for a one time skirmish, but a political leader.

B. Ruth and Boaz

- a. Why have I found grace in your eyes to recognize me, when I am a foreigner?
 - i. Qal P 1cs (מָצָא) “to find”
 - ii. Ruth uses the term נִכְרִיָּה, the fs of נִכְרִי, which generally means “foreigner”, but can also have the sense of “prostitute” or “enemy” (cf. Akkadian *nakrum*)
- b. Both NIV and ESV read “servant”.
- c. The semantic range is “female slave, maidservant”. Ruth’s use of this word changes her perceived position relative to Boaz from one of foreignness (hostility?) to one of subservience.
- d. Again, both NIV and ESV read “servant”
- e. This word has a hint of domesticity to it, even being rendered as concubine in places. This entails an even closer intended relationship.
- f. Ruth’s perception of herself changes from foreigner to servant to something more familial.

10.9: Language Exercises

A.

1. סוּסָה Absolute
2. סוּס Ambiguous
3. סוּסֶת Construct
4. צוּר Ambiguous
5. אֶמֶת Construct
6. דְּבָרִי Construct
7. בֶּן Absolute
8. מְקוֹם Construct
9. מִצְנֶה Absolute
10. מִי Construct
11. עֲרִים Absolute
12. כְּבוֹד Absolute
13. דְּבַר Construct
14. לְבוֹת Ambiguous

B.

Gen. 47:27 - In the land of Egypt

Gen. 47:26 - The ground of the priests

Gen. 2:9 - All of (the) trees/Every tree

Isa. 11:2 - The spirit of Wisdom

1 Chron. 29:22 - The son of David

Prov. 14:19 - The gates of righteousness

Isa. 1:19 - The good of the land

Prov. 23:9 - In the ears of a fool

Ex. 3:8 - The place of the Canaanite(s)

Ex. 24:10 - The God of Israel

C.

1 Chron. 23:13 - The sons of Amram: Aaron and Moses : *verbless*

Gen. 13:14 - And look from the place where you are there, to the north and to the south and to the east and to the sea (west)! : וַיִּרְאֵה = Qal Impv 2ms (רִאָה) “look (ms)!”

Gen. 1:30 - And every living thing of the earth, and every bird of the heavens, and every thing that crawls upon the earth, which in it is the breath of life : רוֹמֵשׁ = Qal PtcA ms (רִמֵּשׁ) “thing that crawls”

Ex. 3:11 - Who am I that I will go unto Pharaoh? : אֵלֶיךָ = Qal Impf 1cs (הֵלֵךְ) “I will go”

Neh. 4:4 - The strength of the porter/burden-bearer stumbles : כָּשַׁל = Qal P 3ms (כָּשַׁל) “he stumbles”

Gen 3:1 - And the serpent was craftier/more subtle than every living thing of the field which the LORD God made :

a. הָיָה = Qal P 3ms (הָיָה) “he/it was”

b. עָשָׂה = Qal P 3ms (עָשָׂה) “he made”

Ex. 4:10 - I am not a man of words : *verbless*

Prov. 2:20 - In order that you (ms) will walk in the path of good things, and the paths of righteous things you (ms) will keep :

a. תֵּלֵךְ = Qal Impf 2ms (הֵלֵךְ) “you (ms) will walk”

b. תִּשְׁמֹר = Qal Impf 2ms (שָׁמַר) “you (ms) will keep/observe

Ex. 3:1 - And Moses was shepherding the flocks of Jethro :

a. הָיָה = Qal P 3ms (הָיָה) “he/it was”

b. רִעָה = Qal PtcA ms (רָעָה)¹⁴ “shepherding”¹⁵

Ex. 3:18 - And now, let us go a journey of three days into the wilderness! : נֵלְכָה = Qal Cohortative 1cp (הֵלֵךְ) “Let us go!”

¹⁴ רעה is a III-weak root (cf. ch. 24), which takes a *segol* in place of the expected *sere* in the active participle.

¹⁵ because of the use of אָ, we should not translate רִעָה as a substantive (i.e., shepherd of the flocks). אָ marks the object of the verb, which in this case must be רִעָה.

10.10: Exegetical Exercises - Sound Connections

C. Identifying Connections

1. שָׁם
2. שָׁם = “there”
3. שָׁם repeats the שָׁם of both previous words.
4. The idea is that there (שָׁם) they will reach heaven (שָׁמַיִם), and thus make a name (שָׁם) for themselves.
5. Genesis 10-11 is mostly comprised of genealogies.
6. Shem (שָׁם) is the name of Noah’s son whose lineage is resumed.
7. Through the line of Shem, Abram is promised to have his name made great; however, this will not happen by his own efforts, but by the LORD’s.

D. Identifying Tensions

1. שִׂמְחָה = “joy”. The tension is deciding whether joy is pointless or commendable. Therefore, “pleasure” in 2:2 should be read “joy”, as in 8:15a.
2. צָעַר = “sorrow/anger”. The tension is deciding whether sorrow/angry is something to be avoided or something to be embraced. In each case, context seems to indicate a different nuance, so the ESV renders are followed.

Chapter 11 (יא)

Suffixed Pronouns

11.7: Language Exercises

A.

| | Noun | Suffix | Gloss |
|------------|----------|--------|--------------------|
| בְּנִי | בֶּן | 1cs | My son |
| אֱלֹהֵיהֶם | אֱלֹהִים | 3mp | Their (m) gods |
| אֲבִיהֶם | אָב | 3mp | Their (m) father |
| אֲחֵיהֶם | אָח | 2mp | Your (mp) brothers |
| אֱלֹהֶיךָ | אֱלֹהִים | 2ms | Your (ms) god(s) |
| אֲחֵינוּ | אָח | 1cp | Our brother |
| עָרֵיהֶם | עִיר | 3mp | Their (m) cities |
| אֲדֹנִי | אֲדֹן | 1cs | My lord |
| חֻקֶּיךָ | חֹק | 2ms | Your (ms) statutes |
| שְׁמֵךָ | שֵׁם | 2ms | Your names |

B.

| | Noun | Suffix | Gloss |
|----------|--------|--------|-----------------|
| אִתָּנוּ | אֵת | 1cp | With us |
| אִתְּכֶם | אֵת | 2mp | With you (mp) |
| לוֹ | לְ | 3ms | To him |
| אֵלַיְךָ | אֶל | 2ms | Toward you (ms) |
| אֵלֵהֶם | אֶל | 3mp | Toward them (m) |
| הִנְנִי | הִנֵּה | 1cs | Here I am! |
| לְךָ | לְ | 2ms | To you (ms) |
| אֵלֵינוּ | אֶל | 1cp | Toward us |
| אֵלָיו | אֶל | 3ms | Toward him |

C.

Ex. 4:5 - The LORD, the God of their fathers, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the god of Jacob : *verbless*

Gen. 47:29 - If I have found favor in your eyes : מָצָאתִי = Qal P 1cs (מצא) “I have found”

Ex. 3:13 - What is his name? What will I say to them? :

אֶמַר = Qal Impf 1cs (אמר) “I will say”

Judg. 9:1 - And to every clan of the house of the father of his mother : *verbless*

Gen. 43:8 - Send the youth with me! : שְׁלַח = Qal Impv 2ms (שלח) “Send (ms)!”

Isa. 6:8 - I heard the voice saying, “Whom shall I send? And who will go for us?”:

- a. שָׁמַעְתִּי = Qal P 1cs (שמע) “I heard”
- b. אֶמַר = Qal PtcA ms (אמר) “saying”
- c. אֶשְׁלַח = Qal Impf 1cs (שלח) “I will send”
- d. יֵלֵךְ = Qal Impf 3ms (הלך) “he will go”

Num. 27:9a - And if he does not have a daughter : *verbless*

Ex. 4:4a - The LORD said to Moses, “Send forth your hand and grab [it] by its/his tail” :

- a. אָמַר = Qal P 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- b. שְׁלַח = Qal Impv 2ms (שלח) “Send!”
- c. אֶחָז = Qal Impv 2ms (אחז) “Grasp!”

Ex. 3:5b - Because the place which you are standing upon it, it is holy ground :

עוֹמֵד = Qal PtcA ms (עמד) “standing”

1 Kings 1:11 - Nathan said to Bathsheba, the mother of Solomon, “Have you (fs) not heard that Adonijah, son of Haggith has reigned? And our lord, David, did not know?” :

- a. אָמַר = Qal P 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- b. שָׁמַעְתְּ = Qal P 2fs (שמע) “you (fs) heard”
- c. מָלַךְ = Qal P 3ms (מלך) “he reigned”
- d. יָדַע = Qal P 3ms (ידע) “he knew”

Chapter 12 (יב)

Qal Narrative and Converted Perfect

12.6: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative;

NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect; PC = Converted Perfect;

PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Root | Gloss |
|---------------|------|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|------|-----------------------------|
| וַיֹּאמֶר | Qal | NP | 3 | m | s | אמר | he said |
| תִּתֵּן | Qal | Impf | 3/2 | f/m | s | נתן | she/you (ms) give(s) |
| וְאֶתַּנֶּה | Qal | Impf + ׁ / Coh | 1 | c | s | נתן | I give or let me give |
| וַתִּצְחַק | Qal | NP | 3/2 | f/m | s | צחק | she/you (ms) laughed |
| הוֹלֵךְ | Qal | PtcA | -- | m | s | הלך | going |
| נֹפֶלֶת | Qal | PtcA | -- | f | s | נפל | falling (f) |
| וַיִּפֹּל | Qal | NP | 3 | m | s | נפל | he fell |
| סָפֵר | Qal | Impv | 2 | m | s | ספר | Count (ms)! |
| וַתִּקְרָא | Qal | NP | 3/2 | f/m | s | קרא | she/you (ms) called |
| וְנִשְׁבְּרָה | Qal | Coh + ׁ | 1 | c | p | שבר | Let us break |
| וַיִּקַּח | Qal | NP | 3 | m | s | לקח | he took |
| וַיִּתֵּן | Qal | NP | 3 | m | s | נתן | he gave |
| וַיְהִי | Qal | NP | 3 | m | s | היה | it/he was |

| | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----|----|---|---|---|-----|------------------|
| נָפְלָה | Qal | P | 3 | f | s | נפל | she fell |
| וַיֹּאמְרוּ | Qal | NP | 3 | m | p | אמר | they (m) said |

B.

Ex. 18:17 - And the father-in-law of Moses said to him, “the thing is not good which you are doing” :

- וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- [חֹתֵן] = likely a Qal PtcA ms (חתן) “the one who circumcises?”]
- עוֹשֶׂה = Qal PtcA ms (עשה) “doing”

Gen. 43:8a - And Judah said to Israel, his father, “Send the boy with me!”

- וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- שְׁלַחָהּ = Qal Impv ms (שלח) + paragogic ה (possibly emphatic or persuasive) “Send (ms)!”

Ex. 1:9 - And he said to his people, “Behold! the people/nation of the sons of Israel are more powerful and numerous than we are” : וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
[otherwise the clause is verbless]

Ex. 7:4a - And Pharaoh will not listen to you (mp), and (then) I will set my hand against Egypt :

- יִשְׁמַע = Qal Impf 3ms (שמע) “he will listen”
- וְנָתַתִּי = Qal PC 1cs (נתן) “I will give/set”

Gen. 43:1 - And the famine was severe in the land : *verbless*

Ex. 6:30 - And Moses said before the LORD, “Behold! I am (of) uncircumcised lips. And (then) how will Pharaoh listen to me?” :

- וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- יִשְׁמַע = Qal Impf 3ms (שמע) “he will listen”

Ex. 3:1a - And Moses was shepherding the flocks of Jethro his father-in-law, priest of Midian :

- הָיָה = Qal P 3ms (היה) “he was”
- רֹעֶה = Qal PtcA ms (רעה)¹⁶ “shepherding”
- [כֹּהֵן] = likely a Qal PtcA of a verb only used in the Piel]
- also, see 1b for comment on חֹתֵן

¹⁶ cf. notes at 10.C.9.b

Ex. 3:5 - And he said, “Do not approach here. Remove your sandals from upon your feet. For, the place which you are standing upon it is holy ground.” :

- a. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- b. תִּקְרַב = Qal Impf 2ms (קרב) “you (ms) approach” (with negation acts as an imperative)
- c. שֶׁל = Qal Impv 2ms (נשל)¹⁷ “Draw off/Remove (ms)! ”
- d. עֹמֵד = Qal PtcA ms (עמד) “standing”

Ex. 3:6a - And he said, “I am the God of your father, God of Abraham, God of Isaac, and God of Jacob.” : וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said” [*otherwise the clause is verbless*]

Num. 32:29 - And Moses said to them, “If the sons of Gad and the sons of Reuben cross over the Jordan with you (mp), all those being equipped for battle before the LORD, and (then) you (mp) will give them the land of Gilead for a possession.” :

- a. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- b. יַעֲבֹרוּ = Qal Impf 3mp (עבר) “they will cross over”
- c. הָלוּץ = Qal PtcP ms (חלץ) “those who are being equipped”
- d. וְנָתַתָּם = Qal PC 2mp (נתן) “you (mp) will give”

12.7: Exegetical Exercises - Irony

In the days when the judges judged, there was a famine in the land. and a man from **house-of-bread** in Judah went to sojourn in the fields of Moab; he and his wife and his two sons. The name of the man was **God-is-king**, the name of his wife was Naomi, and the names of his two sons: **Weakness** and **Wasting-Away**, Ephrathites from **house-of-bread** in Judah. And they came to the fields of Moab, and they were there. And **God-is-king**, husband of Naomi, died, and she was left, and her two sons.

- Bethlehem (house-of-bread) had no food because of the famine.
- Elimelech died, leaving Naomi widowed in a foreign land.
- Naomi means “sweetness/delightfulness”, but her life is anything but sweet.

¹⁷ שֶׁל is a I-נ root, which regularly loses the נ or assimilates to the following root consonant.

Chapter 13 (יג)

Qal Infinitives; Demonstratives

13.7: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct; Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect; PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Root | Gloss |
|-------------|------|---------|--------|--------|--------|------|------------------|
| לֵאמֹר | Qal | iC | - | - | - | אמר | to say, saying |
| לָתֵת | Qal | iC | - | - | - | נתן | to give |
| לְקַרְאֵם | Qal | iC | 3 | m | p | קרא | to call them (m) |
| וְאֶקַּח | Qal | Coh + ך | 1 | c | s | לקח | and let me take |
| וַיִּתֵּן | Qal | NP | 3 | m | s | נתן | and he gave |
| עָשָׂה | Qal | P | 3 | m | s | עשה | he did |
| עֹמֵד | Qal | PtcA | - | m | s | עמד | one who stands |
| וַיְהִי | Qal | NP | 3 | m | s | היה | he/it was |
| נָתַתִּי | Qal | P | 1 | c | s | נתן | I gave |
| וַיִּסְגֹּר | Qal | NP | 3 | m | s | סגר | he closed |

B.

Gen. 43:3 - And Judah said to him, to say/saying¹⁸ :

- וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “to say”

Num. 1:5 - And these are the names of the men who will stand with you (mp) :

- וַיַּעֲמֵדוּ = Qal Impf 3mp (עמד) “they will stand”

¹⁸ This common phrase can be rendered “saying” or “thus”, though it is also commonly omitted entirely in translations.

Ex. 7:8 - And the LORD said unto Moses and unto Aaron thus :

- a. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- b. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “to say”

Eccl. 3:3-4 - A time to kill and a time to heal; a time to break down... and a time to laugh; a time to cry and a time to dance : *all of these forms are infinitives construct*

Ex. 19:5a - And now, if you will indeed listen to my voice and keep my covenant :

- a. שְׁמוֹעַ = Qal iA (שמע) “listening”
- b. תִּשְׁמָעוּ = Qal Impf 2mp (שמע) “you (mp) will listen”
- c. וְשָׁמַרְתֶּם = Qal PC 2mp (שמר) “you (mp) will keep”

Judg. 14:9 - And he went, going and eating, and he went to his father and mother, and he gave to them, and they ate. :

- a. וַיֵּלֶךְ = Qal NP 3ms (הלך) “he went”
- b. הֹלֵךְ = Qal iA (הלך) “going”
- c. אָכַל = Qal iA (אכל) “eating”
- d. וַיֵּתֵן = Qal NP 3ms (נתן) “he gave”
- e. וַיֹּאכְלוּ = Qal NP 3mp (אכל) “they (m) ate”

Gen. 43:7 - And they said, “The man thoroughly questioned about us and our family, saying, “Is your father still alive? Does there exist to you a brother?”

- a. וַיֹּאמְרוּ = Qal NP 3mp (אמר) “they said”
- b. שָׁאוֹל = Qal iA (שאל) “questioning”
- c. שָׁאַל = Qal P 3ms (שאל) “he questioned”
- d. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “to say/saying”

Ex. 3:19a - And I know that the king of Egypt will not give you leave to go. :

- a. יָדַעְתִּי = Qal Impf 1cs (ידע) “I know”
- b. יִתֵּן = Qal Impf 3ms (נתן) “he will give/allow”
- c. לֵהֵלֵךְ = Qal iC (הלך) “to go”

Ex. 3:21 - And I will give this people favor in the eyes of Egypt, and [it will be] when you (mp) go, you (mp) will not go empty/in vain :

- a. וְנָתַתִּי = Qal PC 1cs (נתן) “I will give”
- b. וְהָיָה = Qal PC 3ms (היה) “it will be”
- c. תֵּלְכוּן = Qal Impf 2mp (הלך) “you (mp) will go”
- d. תֵּלְכוּ = Qal Impf 2mp (הלך) “you (mp) will go”

13.8: Exegetical Exercises - Frozen Forms

A.

- a. עַל־פִּי = “upon the mouth”
 - i. And they said, “Surely the man questioned us about ourselves and our kindred, saying: ‘Is your father still alive? Do you have another brother?’ So, we told him *according to* these things.”
- b. מִפָּנָי = “from the face (of)”
 - i. For the earth is full of violence *from/because of them*

B.

- a. “a man bound of the right hand”
- b. “Among all this people were 700 chosen men bound of the right hand; each of these could sling a stone at a hair and not miss.”
- c. this must surely mean “left-handed”

C.

- a. “His guilt(-offering) he will bring to the LORD, an unblemished ram from the flock, or *its equivalent* as a guilt(-offering) to the priest.”
- b. HCSB translates literally. NIV is taking it idiomatically. ESV and NJPS both read it as a frozen phrase.

Chapter 14 (יד)

Piel

14.9: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct; Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect; PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Root | Gloss |
|--------|------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-----------------------------|
| תפתח | Piel | Impf | 3/2 | f/m | s | פתח | she/you (ms) untie(s) |
| קטרו | Piel | P | 3 | c | p | קטר | they made a sacrifice |
| ונאמר | Qal | NP | 1 | c | p | אמר | we said |
| ותדבר | Piel | NP | 3/2 | f/m | s | דבר | she/you (ms) said |
| משלה | Piel | PtcA | - | m | s | שלה | letting go free |
| אבקש | Piel | Impf | 1 | c | s | בקש | I search |
| פתח | Qal | iC | - | - | - | פתח | to open, opening |
| פתח | Piel | iC | - | - | - | פתח | to untie, untying |
| דבר | Qal | PtcA | - | m | s | דבר | speaking |
| מדבר | Piel | PtcA | - | m | s | דבר | speaking (to) |

B.

Ex. 5:1-2 - And afterward, Moses and Aaron went and they said to Pharaoh, “Thus says the LORD, the God of Israel, ‘Let my people go free! and they will celebrate a festival to me in the wilderness.’” And Pharaoh said, “Who is the LORD, that I should obey his voice to let Israel go free? I do not know the LORD and also Israel I will not let go free.” :

- a. בָּאוּ = Qal P 3cp (בוא) “they went”
- b. וַיֹּאמְרוּ = Qal NP 3mp (אמר) “they said”
- c. אָמַר = Qal P 3ms (אמר) “he said”¹⁹
- d. שְׁלַח = Piel Impv ms (שלח) “let someone go free!”
- e. וַיְחַגְּגוּ ²⁰ = Qal Impf/Jussive 3mp (חגג) “they will celebrate a festival”
- f. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- g. אֶשְׁמַע = Qal Impf 1cs (שמע) “I will listen/obey”
- h. לְשַׁלַּח = Piel iC (שלח) “to let someone go free”
- i. יָדַעְתִּי = Qal P 1cs (ידע) “I know”
- j. אֶשְׁלַח = Piel Impf 1cs (שלח) “I will let someone go free”

2 Sam. 3:17-18 - And the word of Abner was with the elders of Israel, saying, “Also yesterday, also three days ago, you (mp) have been seeking David for king over you, and now do (mp) it! For the LORD has said concerning David, saying, ‘By the hand of David, my servant, I will deliver my people, Israel, from the hand of the Philistines, and from the hand of all their enemies.’” :

- a. הָיָה = Qal P 3ms (היה) “it was”
- b. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “to say/saying”
- c. הָיִיתֶם = Qal P 2mp (היה) “you (mp) have been”
- d. עֲשׂוּ = Qal Impv mp (עשה) “Do (mp)! ”
- e. אָמַר = Qal P 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- f. הוֹשִׁיעַ = Hiphil iC (ישע) “to deliver” rendered as “I will deliver”

Ex. 6:2-3a - And God spoke to Moses and he said to him, “I am the LORD. I revealed myself to Abraham, to Isaac, and to Jacob as El Shaddai/God Almighty. And (by) my name, the LORD, I did not make myself known to them.” :

- a. וַיְדַבֵּר = Piel NP 3ms (דבר) “he spoke”
- b. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- c. וַאֲרָא = Niphal NP 1cs (ראה) “I revealed myself”
- d. נִודַעְתִּי = Niphal P 1cs (ידע) “I made myself known”

¹⁹ In phrases such as this one, this is better rendered in the present tense (“thus says”).

²⁰ The use of ו here is not an indication of the preterite tense, but merely a conjunction.

Gen. 42:30 - The man, the lord of the land, spoke to us roughly, and he took us as ones spying the land. :

- a. דָּבַר = Piel P 3ms (דבר) “he spoke”
- b. נָתַן = Qal NP 3ms (נתן) “he gave”
- c. מְרַגְלִים = Piel PtcA mp (רגל) “ones who spy”

Deut. 31:22 - And Moses wrote this song on that day, and he taught it to the sons of Israel :

- a. וַיִּכְתֹּב = Qal NP 3ms (כתב) “he wrote”
- b. וַיְלַמֵּד²¹ = Piel NP 3ms (למד) “he taught”

2 Kings 23:8a - And he brought in all the priests from the cities of Judah and he defiled the high places which the priests had made sacrifices there, from Geba as far as Beersheba :

- a. וַיָּבֵא = Hiphil NP 3ms (בוא) “he brought in (lit. caused to enter)”
- b. וַיְטַמֵּא = Piel NP 3ms (טמא) “he defiled”
- c. קָטְרוּ = Piel P 3cp (קטר) “they made sacrifices”

14.10: Exegetical Exercises - Uses of כִּי

Gen. 8:9 - But the dove did not find a resting place for the sole of its (f) foot and it (f) returned to him on the ark, because water was upon all the earth.

- causal

1 Sam. 15:26 - And Samuel said to Saul, “I will not return to you, because you have rejected the word of the LORD.”

- causal

Gen. 20:6 - Also, I know that with integrity of your heart you have done this.

- complementary

2 Kings 4:29 - If you find a man, do not bless him.²²

- conditional

Lev. 25:20 - And if you say, “what will we eat in the seventh year...”

- conditional

Gen. 20:9 - And Abimelek called to Abraham, and he said to him, “What have you done to us? And how have I sinned against you? That you have brought upon me and my kingdom a great sin!”

- complementary

Gen. 21:30 - And he said, “Surely the seven lambs you will take from my hand will be to me a testimony because I dug this well!”

- solemn declaration

²¹ cf. Errata for Page 177: <https://www.introductiontohebrew.com/errata>

²² Note the objective suffix on the verb (cf. Ch. 21).

- causal

Chapter 15 (טו)

Pual

15.7: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct;
Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect;
PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Root | Gloss |
|-----------|------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------------------|
| אכלת | Qal | P | 2 | m | s | אכל | you (ms) ate |
| שלקה | Piel | P | 3 | f | s | שלה | she set free |
| שלקתי | Pual | P | 1 | c | s | שלה | I was set free |
| פתח | Qal | Impv | - | m | s | פתח | Open (ms)! |
| וּפָתַח | Piel | NP | 3 | m | s | פתח | he set free |
| מְפַתֵּחַ | Piel | PtcA | - | m | s | פתח | setting free |
| תִּנֵּן | Qal | Impv | - | f | s | נתן | Give (fs)! |
| וָאֵלֶךְ | Qal | NP | 1 | c | s | הלך | I went |
| אָמַד | Qal | iA | - | - | - | אמד | to stand |
| נֵלֵךְ | Qal | Impf | 1 | c | p | הלך | we will go |

B.

Song 8:8b - What will we do for our sister in the day which it is spoken of her? :

- a. נַעֲשֶׂה - Qal Impf 1cp (עשה) “we will do”
- b. יִדְבַּר - Pual Impf 3ms (דבר) “it is spoken”

Dan. 10:11 - And (he) said to me, “Daniel, a man of desirableness, understand the words which I am speaking to you and stand upon your standing-place, for now I have been sent to you.” And in his speaking with me this word, I stood trembling. :

- a. וַיֹּאמֶר - Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- b. הִבֵּן - Hiphil Impv ms (בין) “understand!”
- c. דִּבֶּר - Qal PtcA ms (דבר) “speaking”
- d. עָמַד - Qal Impv ms (עמד) “stand”
- e. שִׁלַּחְתִּי - Pual P 1cs (שלח) “I have been sent”
- f. דִּבְרוֹ - Piel iC + 3ms suffix (דבר) “his speaking”
- g. עָמַדְתִּי - Qal P 1cs (עמד) “I stood”
- h. מְרַעֵד - Hiphil PtcA (רעד) “trembling”

Jer. 50:20 - In those days and in that time, an oracle of the LORD: “The guilt of Israel will be sought, and it is nothing; and the sins of Judah, and they are not found. For I will forgive those whom I will leave.” :

- a. יִבְקֹשׁ - Pual Impf 3ms (בקש) “it will be sought”
- b. תִּמְצָאֵינָה - Niphal Impf 3fp (מצא) “they (f) will not be found”
- c. אֶסְלַח - Qal Impf 1cs (סלח) “I will forgive”
- d. אֶשְׁאַר - Hiphil Impf 1cs (שאר) “I will leave”

Gen. 1:27 - And God created the man in his image, in the image of God he created him; male and female he created them. :

- a. וַיִּבְרָא - Qal NP 3ms (ברא) “he created”
- b. בָּרָא - Qal P 3ms (ברא) “he created”

Judg. 1:1-2 - And it was after after the death of Joshua, and the sons of Israel asked of the LORD, saying, “Who will go up for us to the Canaanites first to fight with him?” And the LORD said, “Judah will go up, behold! I have given the land into his hand.” :

- a. וַיִּשְׁאַלוּ - Qal NP 3mp (שאל) “they asked”
- b. לֵאמֹר - Qal iC (אמר) “to say, saying”
- c. יַעֲלֶה - Qal Impf 3ms (עלה) “he will go up”
- d. לִהְלָחֵם - Niphal iC (לחם) “to fight”
- e. וַיֹּאמֶר - Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- f. נָתַתִּי - Qal P 1cs (נתן) “I gave”

1 Kings 21:27-28 - And it was as Ahab heard these words, and he tore his garments and he put sackcloth upon his flesh and he fasted and laid in sackcloth and walked gently. And it was that the word of the LORD [came] to Elijah the Tishbite, saying[...]. :

- a. שָׁמַע - Qal iC (שמע) “to hear; he heard”
- b. וַיִּקְרַע - Qal NP 3ms (קרע) “he tore”
- c. וַיָּשֶׂם - Qal NP 3ms (שים) “he put”
- d. וַיִּצְוֹם - Qal NP 3ms (צום) “he fasted”
- e. וַיִּשְׁכַּב - Qal NP 3ms (שכב) “he laid”
- f. וַיֵּלֶךְ - Piel NP 3ms (הלך) “he walked”
- g. וַיְהִי - Qal NP 3ms (היה) “it was”
- h. לֵאמֹר - Qal iC (אמר) “to say, saying”

Ps. 87:2-3 - The LORD loves the gates of Zion more than all the dwelling-places of Jacob; Glorious things are spoken of you, city of God. *Selah* :

- a. אָהַב - Qal PtcA ms (אהב) “loving; loves”
- b. נִכְבְּדוֹת - Niphal PtcP (כבד) “those that are glorious; glorious things”
- c. מְדֻבָּר - Pual PtcP ms (דבר) “it is spoken”²³

Judg. 1:12-13 - And Caleb said, “Whoever strikes Kiriath-Sepher and captures it, I will give to him Achsah, my daughter, as a wife.” And Othniel, son of Kenaz, the brother of Caleb, the youngest from him, captured it. And [Caleb] gave him Achsah, his daughter, as a wife.

- a. וַיֹּאמֶר - Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- b. יָכָה - Hiphil Impf 3ms (נכה) “he strikes”
- c. וַיִּלְכְּדָהּ - Qal PC 3ms + 3fs suffix (לכד) “he captures it (f)”
- d. וְנָתַתִּי - Qal PC 1cs (נתן) “I will give”
- e. וַיִּלְכְּדָהּ - Qal NP 3ms + 3fs suffix (לכד) “he captured it (f)”
- f. וַיִּתֵּן - Qal NP 3ms (נתן) “he gave”

²³ Though the subject is plural, the verb is singular

15.8: Exegetical Exercises - Word Order

A. Word Order in Verbless Clauses

- I am the LORD = Identifying
- He is my master = Identifying
- And Abram was very rich = Circumstantial
- Canaan is cursed = Descriptive
- This is [one] from the Hebrew children = Descriptive
- And Eglon was a very fat man = Circumstantial

B. Word Order in Narrative Prose Verbal Clauses

- Exodus 2:25-3:1
 - i. And God saw the sons of Israel = VSO; *unmarked*
 - ii. And God knew = VS [no object]; *unmarked*
 - iii. And Moses was shepherding the flock of Jethro, his father-in-law, priest of Midian = SVO; *marked* (background)
 - iv. And he drove the flock into the wilderness = V[S]O; *unmarked*
 - v. And he came to the mountain of God at Horeb = V[S]O; *unmarked*
- Judges 1:17-21
 - i. And Judah went with Simeon, his brother = VSO; *unmarked*
 - ii. And they struck the Canaanite(s) dwelling in Zephath = V[S]O; *unmarked*
 - iii. And they completely destroyed it = V[S]O; *unmarked*
 - iv. And he called the name of the city Hormah = V[S]O; *unmarked*
 - v. And Judah captured Gaza and its border, Ashkelon and its border, Ekron and its border = VSO; *unmarked*
 - vi. And the LORD was with Judah = VSO; *unmarked*
 - vii. And he possessed the mountain (region) = VSO; *unmarked*
 - viii. Now [he was] not [able] to dispossess the dwellers of the valley, for iron chariots belonged to them = VSO; *marked* (background)
 - ix. And they gave Hebron to Caleb = V[S]O; *unmarked*
 - x. Just as Moses spoke = VS[no object]; *marked* (background)
 - xi. And he dispossessed from there the three sons of the Anak = V[S]O = *unmarked*
 - xii. And the Jebusite(s) dwelling in Jerusalem, the sons of Benjamin did not dispossess = OVS; *marked* (emphasis)
 - xiii. And the Jebusite(s) have dwelled with the sons of Benjamin in Jerusalem until this day = VSO; *unmarked*

- The two cities are Jerusalem and Gibeah. Benjamin inhabits Gibeah.
- The word order (OVS) in Judges 1:21 indicates the something is amiss. That Benjamin did not drive out the Jebusites is being emphasized.
- The Jebusite city was avoided, in hopes of finding better treatment. Only, the Benjaminites treated their own people much like the men of Sodom treated their guests!

Chapter 16 (טז)

Hiphil

16.9: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct;
 Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect;
 PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Root | Gloss |
|--------------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|------|----------------------------------|
| אֶזְכִּיר | Hiphil | Impf | 1 | c | s | זכר | I will make known |
| יִשְׁלִיךְ | Hiphil | Impf | 3 | m | s | שלך | he will throw |
| יִשְׁלַח | Hiphil | Jussive | 3 | m | s | שלך | may he throw |
| אָסַר | Qal | Impv | - | m | s | אסר | bind (ms)! |
| שָׁלַח | Qal | iC | - | - | - | שלח | to send |
| הִשְׁלִיכָהּ | Hiphil | P | 3 | f | s | שלך | she threw |
| הִגַּדְתָּ | Hiphil | P | 2 | m | s | נגד | you (ms) told |
| יִשְׁלַח | Piel | Impf | 3 | m | s | שלח | he will send |
| תִּגִּיד | Hiphil | Impf | 3/2 | f/m | s | נגד | she will tell/you (ms) will tell |
| תִּגַּד | Hiphil | iA/Impv | - | -/m | -/s | נגד | to tell/ tell (ms)! |
| הִאֲבִידְךָ | Hiphil | P | 2 | m | s | אבד | you (ms) wiped out |
| תִּזְכֹּר | Hiphil | iC | - | - | - | זכר | to make known |

| | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------|---------|---|-----|-----|----------|-----------------------------|
| הִשְׁלִיךְ | Hiphil | iA/Impv | - | -/m | -/s | שִׁלַּךְ | to throw/ throw (ms)! |
| מִאֲבִיד | Hiphil | PtcA | - | m | s | אֲבַד | wiping out |
| שִׁלַּחְתִּי | Qal | P | 1 | c | s | שִׁלַּח | I sent |

B.

Ex. 14:10-12 - And Pharaoh drew near and the sons of Israel lifted their eyes. And behold! the Egyptians were pulling up after them. And they feared much. And the sons of Israel cried out to the LORD. And they said to Moses, “Is it because there are no graves in Egypt that you have taken us to die in the wilderness? ... Was this not the word which we spoke with you in Egypt, saying, ‘Leave us, that we may serve Egypt’? For it is better for us to serve Egypt than to die in the wilderness.” :

- a. הִקְרִיב - Hiphil P 3ms (קרַב) “he drew near”
- b. הִשְׁאִיזוּ - Qal NP 3mp (נִשְׂאוּ) “they lifted”
- c. נָסְעוּ - Qal PtcA ms (נִסְעוּ) “pulling up”
- d. יִירָאוּ - Qal NP 3mp (יִרָא) “they feared”
- e. הִצְעִקוּ - Qal NP 3mp (צִעַק) “they cried out”
- f. יֹאמְרוּ - Qal NP 3mp (אָמַר) “they said”
- g. לָקַחְתִּנוּ - Qal P 2ms + 1cp suffix (לָקַח) “you have taken us”
- h. לָמוּת - Qal iC (מוֹת) “to die”
- i. דִּבַּרְנוּ - Piel P 1cp (דִּבַּר) “we have spoken”
- j. לֵאמֹר - Qal iC (אָמַר) “saying”
- k. חָדַל - Qal Impv ms (חָדַל) “Leave/cease (ms)!”
- l. נַעֲבֹדָה - Qal Cohortative 1cp (עָבַד) “may we serve”
- m. עָבַד - Qal iC (עָבַד) “to serve”
- n. מָתוּנוּ - Qal iC (מוֹת) “to die”

Ex. 3:20 - And I will send my hand and I will strike Egypt in all my wonders which I will do in his midst. And after this, he will send you away. :

- a. וְשִׁלַּחְתִּי - Qal PC 1cs (שִׁלַּח) “I will send”
- b. וְהִכֵּיתִי - Hiphil PC 1cs (נָכַח) “I will strike”
- c. מִנִּפְלְאוֹתַי - Niphal PtcP fp + 1cs suffix (פִּלְאָה) “my wonders”
- d. אֶעֱשֶׂה - Qal Impf 1cs (עָשָׂה) “I will do”
- e. וְיִשְׁלַח - Piel Impf 3ms (שִׁלַּח) “he will send away”

Ex. 7:10-13 - And Moses and Aaron went to Pharaoh, and they did that which the LORD commanded. And Aaron threw down his staff before Pharaoh and before his servants and it became a serpent. And also Pharaoh called to his wise men and to his doers of magic and the engravers of Egypt also did these, in their enchantments thus. And they threw, each man, his staff and they became serpents. But the staff of Aaron swallowed their staffs. And the heart of Pharaoh hardened, and he did not listen to them, just as the LORD had spoken. :

- a. וַיָּבֹאוּ - Qal NP 3ms (בוא) "he went"
- b. וַיַּעֲשׂוּ - Qal NP 3mp (עשה) "they did"
- c. צִוָּה - Piel P 3ms (צוה) "he commanded"
- d. וַיִּשְׁלֹךְ - Hiphil NP 3ms (שלך) "he threw"
- e. וַיְהִי - Qal NP 3ms (היה) "it was/became"
- f. וַיִּקְרָא - Qal NP 3ms (קרא) "he called"
- g. מְכַשְׁפִּים - Piel PtcA mp (כשר) "doers of magic"
- h. וַיִּשְׁלִיכוּ - Hiphil NP 3mp (שלך) "they threw"
- i. וַיְהִיו - Qal NP 3mp (היה) "they were/became"
- j. וַיִּבְלַע - Qal NP 3ms (בלע) "it swallowed"
- k. וַיִּחְזֹק - Qal NP 3ms (חזק) "it hardened"
- l. שָׁמַע - Qal P 3ms (שמע) "he listened"
- m. דִּבֶּר - Piel P 3ms (דבר) "he had spoken"

Ex. 14:15 - And the LORD to Moses, "Why are you crying to me? Speak to the sons of Israel and they will set out."

- a. וַיֹּאמֶר - Qal NP 3ms (אמר) "he said"
- b. תִּצְעַק - Qal Impf 2ms (צעק) "you are crying"
- c. דַּבֵּר - Piel Impv ms (דבר) "Speak (ms)!"
- d. יִסָּעוּ - Qal Impf 3mp (נסע) "they will set out"

Josh. 6:12-13 - And Joshua rose early in the morning, and the priests lifted the ark of the LORD, and the seven priests lifting seven trumpets of rams' horns before the ark of the LORD were walking, going. And they blew the trumpets. And the one who was equipped was walking before them. And the one who was gathering was walking after the ark of the LORD. [The priests] were walking and blowing the trumpets.

- a. **וַיִּשָּׂא** - Hiphil NP 3ms (שָׂא) “he rose early”
- b. **וַיִּשָּׂאוּ** - Qal NP 3mp (שָׂא) “they lifted”
- c. **וַיִּשָּׂאוּ** - Qal PtcA mp (שָׂא) “lifting (mp)”
- d. **וַיֵּלְכוּ** - Qal PtcA mp (הלך) “walking”
- e. **וַיֵּלְכוּ** - Qal iA (הלך) “to walk”
- f. **וַיִּתְּקְעוּ** - Qal PC (תקע) “they were blowing”
- g. **וַיֵּלְכוּ** - Qal PtcP ms (הלך) “the one who was equipped”
- h. **וַיֵּלְכוּ** - Qal PtcA ms (הלך) “walking”
- i. **וַיִּתְּקְעוּ** - Piel PtcA (תקע) “the one gathering”
- j. **וַיֵּלְכוּ** - Qal iA (הלך) “to walk”
- k. **וַיִּתְּקְעוּ** - Qal iA (תקע) “to blow”

16.10: Exegetical Exercises - Revocalization

- “In order that they would possess the remnant of Edom”
- **אֱדוֹם** can mean either “Edom” or “Man”
- Genesis 49:24b - “from there is the shepherd, the stone of Israel”
 - **שֵׁם** = “name”
- A. “Truly, silence, do you speak righteousness?”
 - a. **אֱלֹהִים** = “gods”
- B. “To keep you from an evil woman”
 - a. **רֵעַ**²⁴ = “friend”
- C. “He took no delight in blessing, and it was far from him”
 - a. **וַיִּתְּרֵם** = “let it be far”

²⁴ Though the pausal form would be **רֵעַ**.

Chapter 17 (יז)

Hophal

17.7: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct; Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect; PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Root | Gloss |
|------------------|--------|---------|-----------------|--------|--------|------|------------------------------------|
| הִשְׁכִּים | Hiphil | P | 3 | m | s | שכם | he rose early |
| שִׁלְחָהּ | Pual | P | 3 | f | s | שלח | he was sent off |
| אָמַר | Qal | iA | - | - | - | אמר | to say |
| מִשְׁלַּחַת | Hophal | PtcP | - | f | s | שלח | one (f) caused to throw |
| וַיִּשְׁכֶּם | Hiphil | NP | 3 | m | s | שכם | he rose early |
| תֹּאמְרָנָהּ | Qal | Impf | 3 ²⁵ | f | p | אמר | they (f) are saying |
| וַהֲשִׁלַּחְתִּי | Hiphil | PC | 1 | c | s | שלח | I sent |
| הִשְׁלָכוּ | Hophal | P | 3 | c | p | שלח | he was caused to throw |
| וַתִּשְׁלַכִּי | Hophal | NP | 2 | f | s | שלח | you (fs) were caused to throw |
| הִשְׁכֶּם | Hiphil | iA/Impv | -/2 | -/m | -/s | שכם | to rise early/ Rise early (ms)! |

²⁵ While this form could also be 2fp, it is only attested as a 3fp (Gen 31:14; Ruth 1:10, 1:19, 4:14; 1 Sam 9:12)

B.

1 Kings 13:24b-25 - And his carcass (f) was thrown in the road, and his donkey was standing beside it (f), and the lion was standing beside the carcass. And behold! men were passing by and they saw the carcass having been thrown in the road and the lion standing beside the carcass and they went and they spoke of it in the city (f) which the old prophet was dwelling in it (f). :

- a. וַתְּהִי = Qal NP 3fs (היה) “it (f) was”
- b. מִשְׁלָכָת = Hophal PtcP fs (שֶׁלַךְ) “one being thrown”
- c. עֹמֵד = Qal PtcA ms (עמד) “standing”
- d. עֹבְרִים = Qal PtcA mp (עבר) “passing by”
- e. וַיֵּרְאוּ = Qal NP 3mp (ראה) “they saw”
- f. וַיֵּבְאוּ = Qal NP 3mp (בוא) “they went”
- g. וַיְדַבְּרוּ = Piel NP 3mp (דבר) “they spoke”
- h. יָשָׁב = Qal PtcA ms (ישב) “dwelling”

Ex. 14:1-4a - And the LORD spoke to Moses, saying, “Speak! to the sons of Israel and they shall turn and camp... by the sea. And Pharaoh will say of the sons of Israel, ‘They are wandering around the land in confusion, the wilderness is shut against them.’ And I will harden the heart of Pharaoh, and he will chase after them.” :

- a. וַיְדַבֵּר = Piel NP 3ms (דבר) “he spoke”
- b. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “saying”
- c. דַּבֵּר = Piel Impv ms (דבר) “speak!”
- d. וַיֵּשְׁבוּ = Qal Jussive 3mp (שוב) “they shall turn”
- e. וַיִּחַנוּ = Qal Jussive 3mp (חנה) “they shall camp”
- f. וְאָמַר = Qal PC 3ms (אמר) “he will say”
- g. יִבְבְּכֻם = Niphal PtcA (בוך) “wandering around in confusion”
- h. סָגַר = Qal P 3ms (סגר) “it shut”
- i. וְחִזַּקְתִּי = Piel PC 1cs (חזק) “I will harden”
- j. וַיִּרְדֵּף = Qal PC 3ms (רדף) “he will chase”

Ps. 22:11-12 - On you I have been cast from the womb, from the belly of my mother you [have been] my God. May you not be distant from me when adversity is near, for there is no one who helps

- a. הִשְׁלַכְתִּי = Hophal P 1cs (שֶׁלַךְ) “I have been cast”
- b. תִּרְחַק = Jussive/Impf 2ms (רחק) + negative “may you not be distant”
- c. עֹזֵר = Qal PtcA ms (עזר) “one who helps”

Num. 21:2-3 - And Israel vowed a vow to the LORD, and he (Israel) said, “If you certainly give this in my hand, I will destroy their cities.” And the LORD listened to the voice of Israel, and he gave the Canaanites, and he destroyed them and their cities, and he called the name of the place Hormah (destruction). :

- a. וַיִּדַּר = Qal NP 3ms (נרד) “he vowed”
- b. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- c. וַיִּתֵּן = Qal iA (נתן) “to give”
- d. תִּתֶּנּוּ = Qal Impf 2ms (נתן) “you will give”
- e. וְהָחָרַמְתִּי = Hiphil PC 1cs (חרם) “I will destroy”
- f. וַיִּשְׁמַע = Qal NP 3ms (שמע) “he listened”
- g. וַיִּתֵּן = Qal NP 3ms (נתן) “he gave”
- h. וַיַּחְרֶם = Hiphil NP 3ms (חרם) “he destroyed”
- i. וַיִּקְרָא = Qal NP 3ms (קרא) “he called”

Gen. 19:27-28 - And Abraham rose early in the morning, towards the place where he stood there before the LORD, and he looked down upon the faces of Sodom and Gomorrah, and upon all the faces of the land around, and he saw, and behold! the smoke of the land went up as the smoke of the furnace. :

- a. וַיִּשְׁכֶּם = Hiphil NP 3ms (שכם) “he rose early”
- b. עָמַד = Qal P 3ms (עמד) “he stood”
- c. וַיִּשְׁקֹף = Hiphil NP 3ms (שקף) “he looked down”
- d. וַיִּרְא = Qal NP 3ms (ראה) “he saw”
- e. עָלָה = Qal P 3ms (עלה) “it went up”

Ex. 22:16 - If her father utterly refuses to give her to him, he will weigh [and pay] silver according to the dowry of virgins. :

- a. מָאָן = Piel iA (מאן) “to refuse”
- b. יִמָּאָן = Piel Impf 3ms (מאן) “he will refuse”
- c. לְתַתָּהּ = Qal iC + 3fs suffix (נתן) “to give her”
- d. יִשְׁקֹל = Qal Impf 3ms (שקל) “he will weigh”

17.8: Exegetical Exercises - Identifying Mispointed Qal Passives

- And the princes of Pharaoh saw her, and they praised her to Pharaoh, and she was taken to the house of Pharaoh.
 - וַיִּקְחָהּ = Pual or Hophal NP 2fs (לקח)
 - It occurs neither in the Piel nor the Hiphil
- Please let a little water be taken.
 - יִקַּח = Pual or Hophal Jussive 3ms (לקח)
 - No use in either Piel or Hiphil. Therefore, originally Qal Passive.
- You will be consumed by a sword.
 - תִּאָכַלְךָ = Pual Impf 2mp (אכל)
 - No use in the Piel. Therefore, originally Qal Passive.
- Things spoken of you.
 - מְדַבֵּר = Pual PtcP ms (דבר)
 - Predominantly used in the Piel. Therefore, NOT originally Qal Passive.
- And a messenger has been sent among the nations.
 - שִׁלַּח = Pual P 3ms (שלח)
 - Attested use in the Piel. Therefore, NOT originally Qal Passive.
- Seven times it will be avenged.
 - יִקָּם = Hophal Impf 3ms (נקם)
 - No use in the Hiphil. Therefore, originally Qal Passive.
- He who was made king over the kingdom of the Chaldeans.
 - הִמְלִיךָ = Hophal P 3ms (מלך)
 - Attested use in the Hiphil. Therefore, NOT originally Qal Passive.
- These are the sons of Jacob who were born to him in Paddan-Aram.
 - יָלַד = Pual P 3ms (ילד)
 - No related use in the Piel. Therefore, originally Qal Passive.

18.5: Language Exercises

Gen. 5:3-5 - And Adam lived 130 years, and he begat [a son] in his likeness, according to his image. And he called his name, Seth. And the days of Adam, after his begetting Seth was 800 years. And he begat sons and daughters. And all the days of Adam which he lived were 930 years, then he died.

- a. וַיְחִי = Qal NP 3ms (חיה) “he lived”²⁶
- b. וַיֵּלֶד = Hiphil NP 3ms (ילד) “he begat”
- c. וַיִּקְרָא = Qal NP 3ms (קרא) “he called”
- d. וַיְהִי = Qal NP 3mp (היה) “they were”
- e. הוֹלִידוֹ = Hiphil iC + 3ms suffix (ילד) “his begetting”
- f. חִי = Qal P 3ms (חיה) “he lived”
- g. וַיָּמָת = Qal NP 3ms (מות) “he died”

Ex. 29:15-16 - And the one ram you (ms) shall take and Aaron and his sons shall lay their hands upon the head of the ram, and you (ms) shall slaughter the ram and take its blood and you shall toss it upon the altar, all around. :

- a. תִּקַּח = Qal Impf 2ms (לקח) “you shall take”
- b. וַיִּסְמְכוּ = Qal PC 3cp (סמד) “they shall lay/lean”
- c. וַיִּשְׁחָטְךָ = Qal PC 2ms (שחט) “you shall slaughter”
- d. וְלָקַחְךָ = Qal PC 2ms (לקח) “you shall take”
- e. וַיִּזְרֹקְךָ = Qal PC 2ms (זרק) “you shall toss/sprinkle”

Gen. 5:9-11 - And Seth lived 105 years, and he begat Enosh. And Seth lived after his begetting Enosh 807 years. And he begat sons and daughters. And all the days of Seth were 912 years, then he died. :

- a. *no new forms*

Gen. 5:9-11 - And Enosh lived 90 years and he begat Kenan. And Enosh lived after his begetting Kenan 815 years. And he begat sons and daughters. And all the days of Enosh were 905 years, then he died. :

- a. *no new forms*

Gen. 5:12-14 - And Kenan lived 70 years and he begat Mahalalel. And Kenan lived after his begetting Mahalalel 840 years. And he begat sons and daughters. And all the days of Kenan were 910 years, then he died. :

- a. *no new forms*

Gen. 5:15-17 - And Mahalalel lived 65 years and he begat Jared. And Mahalalel lived after his begetting Jared 830 years. And he begat sons and daughters. And all the days of Mahalalel were 895 years, then he died.

²⁶ cf. Errata for Page 228 n.5: <https://www.introductiontohebrew.com/errata>

a. *no new forms*

Gen. 5:18-20 - And Jared lived 162 years and he begat Enoch. And Jared lived after his begetting Enoch 800 years. And he begat sons and daughters. And all the days of Jared were 962 years, then he died.

a. *no new forms*

Gen. 5:21-24 - And Enoch lived 65 years and he begat Methuselah. And Enoch walked with God after his begetting Methuselah 300 years. And he begat sons and daughters. And all the days of Enoch were 365 years. And Enoch walked with God, and he was nothing, because God took him. :

a. וַיִּהְיוּ = Hithpael NP 3ms (הלך) “he walked”

b. לקח = Qal P 3ms (לקח) “he took”

Gen. 7:2-3 - Of all the clean beasts, you will take to yourself seven [and] seven, man and his wife. And of the beast (f) which it (f) is not clean, two, man and his wife. Also, of the birds of the heavens, seven [and] seven, male and female, to preserve seed/offspring alive over the face of all the earth. :

a. תקח = Qal Impf 2ms (לקח) “you will take”

b. לְחַיֵּית = Piel iC (חיה) “to preserve alive”

Gen. 22:3-4 - And Abraham rose early in the morning, and he bound his donkeys and he took his two youths with him, and Isaac, his son. And he cut wood of offering into pieces and arose and went to the place which God said to him. And on the third day, Abraham lifted his eyes and he saw the place from a distance. :

a. וַיִּשָּׂם = Hiphil NP 3ms (שכם) “he rose early”

b. וַיַּחְבֹּשׁ = Qal NP 3ms (חבש) “he bound”

c. וַיִּקַּח = Qal NP 3ms (לקח) “he took”

d. וַיִּבְקַע = Piel NP 3ms (בקע) “he cut into pieces”

e. וַיָּקָם = Qal NP 3ms (קום) “he rose”

f. וַיֵּלֶךְ = Qal NP 3ms (הלך) “he went”

g. אָמַר = Qal P 3ms (אמר) “he told”

h. וַיִּשָּׂא = Qal NP 3ms (נשא) “he lifted”

i. וַיִּרְא = Qal NP 3ms (ראה) “he saw”

18.6: Exegetical Exercises - Letters for Numbers

| | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| 8 = ח | 14 = יד | 44 = מד | 40 = מ |
| 55 = נה | 39 = לט | 4 = ד | 20 = כ |
| 26 = כו | 47 = מז | 15 = טו | 31 = לא |
| 50 = נ | 11 = יא | 99 = צט | 152 = קנב |

| Text | Word | Mp Note | Number |
|-----------|-------------|---------|--------|
| Gen 19:1 | סְדֹמָה | ג | 3 |
| Isa 34:16 | נְעִדְרָה | ל | 1 |
| Gen 6:14 | גִּפְרִי | ל | 1 |
| Ps 95:10 | תַּעֲבִי | ב | 2 |
| Gen 19:2 | אֲדֹנָיִי | ל | 1 |
| Gen 1:12 | לְמִינֵהוּ | יד | 14 |
| Gen 1:8 | יוֹם שְׁנִי | ל | 1 |

- סְדֹמָה occurs in its lexical form 30 times. Including suffixes and prefixes, it occurs 39 times total.
 - directional ה
- אֲדֹנָיִי = “my lords”; אֲדֹנִי = “Lord”
 - marking the noun as the title “Lord”, generally used for God, instead of the human counterpart

Chapter 19 (יט)

Niphal

19.8: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct;
 Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect;
 PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Root | Gloss |
|---------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-----------------------|
| נִשְׁאַר | Niphal | PtcP | - | m | s | שאר | “one (ms) remaining” |
| יִשְׁאַר | Niphal | Impf | 3 | m | s | שאר | “he will remain” |
| נִשְׁאַרְתִּי | Niphal | NP | 1 | c | s | שאר | “I remained” |
| יִנָּצֵל | Niphal | Impf | 3 | m | s | נצל | “he will be saved” |
| נִצְלַתֶּם | Niphal | P | 2 | m | p | נצל | “you (mp) were saved” |
| הִצִּילָהּ | Hiphil | P | 2 | m | s | נצל | “you delivered” |
| יִצִּיל | Hiphil | Impf | 3 | m | s | נצל | “he will deliver” |
| הִנָּצֵל | Niphal | iC | - | - | - | נצל | “to be saved” |
| כָּרְתוּ | Qal | P | 3 | c | p | כרת | “they (m) cut” |
| יִכָּרֵת | Niphal | Impf | 3 | m | s | כרת | “he will be cut off” |
| הִכָּרֵת | Niphal | iC | - | - | - | כרת | “to cut off” |
| הִכְרִית | Hiphil | P | 3 | m | s | כרת | “he cut off” |

B.

Ex. 14:14 - The LORD will wage war for you; and you (mp) will keep silent. :

- a. יִלָּחֶם = Niphal Impf 3ms (לחם) “he will wage war”
- b. תִּחְרֹשׁוּ = Hiphil Impf 2mp (חרשׁ) “you (mp) will keep silent”

Gen. 5:1-2 - This is the book of the generations of Adam, in the day of God’s creation of Adam, in the likeness of God he made him; Male and female he created them and he blessed them, and the called their name “Adam” in the day of their creation. :

- a. בָּרָא = Qal iC (ברא) “to create”
- b. עָשָׂה = Qal P 3ms (עשה) “he made”
- c. בָּרָאם = Qal P 3ms + 3mp suffix (ברא) “he created them”
- d. וּבֵרַךְ = Piel NP 3ms (ברך) “he blessed”
- e. וִיקְרָא = Qal NP 3ms (קרא) “he called”
- f. הִבְרָאם = Niphal iC + 3mp suffix (ברא) “to create them”

Ex. 14:6-8 - And he made his chariot ready, and his people he took with him. And he took 600 chosen chariots and all the chariotry of Egypt and the armor-bearer over them all. And the LORD hardened the heart of Pharaoh, king of Egypt, and he chased after the sons of Israel and the sons of Israel were going out with a high hand. :

- a. וַיַּעֲסֵר = Qal NP 3ms (אסר) “he made ready”
- b. לָקַח = Qal P 3ms (לקח) “he took”
- c. וַיִּקַּח = Qal NP 3ms (לקח) “he took”
- d. בָּחַר = Qal PtcP ms (בחר) “chosen”
- e. וַיְחַזֵּק = Piel NP 3ms (חזק) “he hardened”
- f. וַיִּרְדֹּף = Qal NP 3ms (רדף) “he chased”
- g. יֵצְאוּ = Qal PtcA mp (יצא) “going out”
- h. גָּמָה = Qal PtcA fs (רומ) “high”

Ex. 3:15-16 - And again, God said to Moses, “You will say this to the sons of Israel: ‘The LORD, God of your fathers, God of Abraham, God of Isaac, God of Jacob, has sent me to you. This is my name forever, and this is my memorial from generation to generation.’ Go! and gather the elders of Israel and you will say to them: ‘The LORD, God of your fathers, has appeared to me, God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, saying, “Certainly, I have attended to you and to what is done to you in Egypt.”’” :

- a. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- b. תֹּאמַר = Qal Impf 2ms (אמר) “you (ms) will say”
- c. וְשָׁלַחְנִי = Qal P 3ms + 1cs suffix (שלח) “he has sent me”
- d. לֵךְ = Qal Impv ms (הלך) “Go!”
- e. וְאַסַּפְתָּ = Qal PC 2ms (אסף) “(you will) gather”
- f. וְאָמַרְתָּ = Qal PC 2ms (אמר) “(you will) say”
- g. נִרְאָה = Niphal P 3ms (ראה) “he appeared”
- h. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “saying”
- i. פָּקֵד = Qal iA (פקד) “to attend”
- j. פָּקַדְתִּי = Qal P 1cs (פקד) “I have attended”
- k. הַעֲשׂוּי = Qal PtcP ms + def. art. (עשה) “what has been done”

Josh. 4:6-7 - In order that this may be a sign in your midst, when your children ask in the future, saying, “What are these stones to you?” And you will say to them, “because the waters of the Jordan were cut off before the ark of the covenant of the LORD when it passed over the Jordan, the waters of the Jordan were cut off, and these stones will be for a memorial to sons of Israel forever.”

- a. תִּהְיֶה = Qal Impf 3fs (היה) “this (f) will be”
- b. וְשָׁאֲלוּ = Qal Impf 3mp (שאל) “they will ask”
- c. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “to say”
- d. וְאָמַרְתֶּם = Qal PC 2mp (אמר) “you (mp) will say”
- e. נִכְרְתוּ = Niphal P 3cp (כרת) “they were cut off”
- f. בְּעָבְרוֹ = Qal iC + 3ms suffix (עבר) “when it passed over it”
- g. וְהָיוּ = Qal PC 3cp (היה) “they will be”

Gen. 6:10-12 - And Noah begat three sons: Shem, Ham, and Japheth. And the earth had become corrupt before God and the earth was full of violence. And God saw the earth, and behold! it had become corrupted, for all flesh had corrupted its way upon the earth:

- a. וַיֵּלֶד = Hiphil NP 3ms (ילד) “he begat”
- b. וַתִּשְׁחָת = Niphal NP 3fs (שחת) “it became corrupt”
- c. וַתִּמָּלֵא = Niphal NP 3fs (מלא) “it became full”
- d. וַיִּרְא = Qal NP 3ms (ראה) “he saw”
- e. נִשְׁחָתָהּ = Niphal P 3fs (שחת) “it became corrupted”
- f. הִשְׁחָתִית = Hiphil P 3ms (שחת) “it corrupted”

Lev. 26:3-8 - If you walk in my statutes and keep my commands, and do them, then I will give your rains in their time and the land will give her produce, and the tree of the field will give his fruit... And you will chase your enemies and they will fall before you by the sword. And five of you will chase a hundred, and a hundred of you will chase a myriad, and your enemies will fall before you by the sword. :

- a. תֵּלְכוּ = Qal Impf 2mp (הלך) “you (mp) will walk”
- b. תִּשְׁמְרוּ = Qal Impf 2mp (שמר) “you (mp) will keep”
- c. וַעֲשִׂיתֶם = Qal PC 2mp (עשה) “you (mp) will do”
- d. וְנָתַתִּי = Qal PC 1cs (נתן) “I will give”
- e. וְנָתְנָהּ = Qal PC 3fs (נתן) “it (f) will give”
- f. יִתֵּן = Qal Impf 3ms (נתן) “it (m) will give”
- g. וְרָדַפְתֶּם = Qal PC 2mp (רדף) “you (mp) will chase”
- h. וְנָפְלוּ = Qal PC 3cp (נפל) “they will fall”
- i. וְרָדְפוּ = Qal PC 3cp (רדף) “they will chase”
- j. יִרְדְּפוּ = Qal Impf 3mp (רדף) “they will chase”

Deut. 23:16 - Do not hand over a servant to his master who has escaped to you from his master. :

- a. תִּסְגִּיר = Hiphil Impf 2ms (סגר) “you will hand over”
- b. יִנָּצֵל = Niphal Impf 3ms (נצל) “he has escaped”

Ruth 1:3-4 - And Elimelech, husband of Naomi died, and she was left, she and her two sons. And they took to themselves Moabite wives: the name of one [was] Orpah, and the name of the second [was] Ruth. And they dwelled there about ten years. :

- a. וַיָּמָת = Qal NP 3ms (מות) “he died”
- b. וְנִשְׁאַר = Niphal NP 3fs (שאר) “she was left”
- c. וַיִּשְׂאוּ = Qal NP 3mp (נשא) “they took”
- d. וַיֵּשְׁבוּ = Qal NP 3mp (ישב) “they dwelled”

Judg. 1:4-5 - And Judah went up and the LORD gave the Canaanite and the Perizzite into their hand. And they struck them in Bezek -- ten thousand men (sg). And they found Adoni-Bezek in Bezek and they waged war with him, and they struck the Canaanite and the Perizzite. :

- a. וַיַּעַל = Qal NP 3ms (עלה) “he went up”
- b. וַיִּתֵּן = Qal NP 3ms (נתן) “he gave”
- c. וַיִּכּוּם = Hiphil NP 3mp + 3mp suffix (נכה) “they struck them”
- d. וַיִּמְצְאוּ = Qal NP 3mp (מצא) “they found”
- e. וַיִּלָּחֲמוּ = Niphal NP 3mp (לחם) “they waged war”
- f. וַיִּכּוּ = Hiphil NP 3mp (נכה) “they struck”

19.9: Exegetical Exercises - Oaths

- And Saul listened to the voice of Jonathan, and Saul swore: “As the LORD lives, he will not be put to death!”
- And David swore, saying: “Thus may God do to me and thus may he add if before the sun goes down I taste bread or anything else!”
- As the LORD lives, one hair shall not fall from his head to the ground
- And he said: “Thus may God do to me and thus may he add if the head of Elisha, son of Shaphat, remains standing upon him this day!”
- And the LORD heard the sound of your words and he was angry and he swore, saying: “Not one of these men of this evil generation will see the good land which I swore to give to your fathers!”

Chapter 20 (כ)

Hithpael

20.9: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct;
 Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect;
 PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Root | Gloss |
|------------------|-------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|---------|----------------------------|
| הִתְפַּלֵּל | Hithpael | P | 3 | m | s | פִּלַּל | he prayed |
| טָהַר | Qal ²⁷ | P | 3 | m | s | טָהַר | he was clean |
| אֶתְפַּלֵּל | Hithpael | Impf | 1 | c | s | פִּלַּל | I will pray |
| וָאֶתְפַּלֵּל | Hithpael | NP | 1 | c | s | פִּלַּל | I prayed |
| מִתְפַּלְלִים | Hithpael | PtcA | - | m | p | פִּלַּל | ones (m) who pray |
| חִזַּקְתִּי | Piel | P | 1 | c | s | חִזַּק | I grasped |
| יִתְחַזֵּק | Hithpael | Impf | 3 | m | s | חִזַּק | he will show courage |
| נִתְחַזֵּק | Hithpael | Impf | 1 | c | p | חִזַּק | we will show courage |
| חִזַּקְתֶּם | Qal | P | 2 | m | s | חִזַּק | you (ms) were strong |
| הִקְדִּישׁוּ | Hiphil | P | 3 | c | p | קִדַּשׁ | they made holy |
| מִתְקַדְּשֶׁת | Hithpael | Ptc | - | f | s | קִדַּשׁ | one (fs) purifying herself |
| הִתְקַדַּשְׁתִּי | Hithpael | P | 1 | c | s | קִדַּשׁ | I purified myself |
| מִקְדָּשׁ | Pual | PtcP | - | m | s | קִדַּשׁ | one (ms) who is |

²⁷ This form is *stative*

| | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------|------|---|---|---|---------|---------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | | made holy |
| יִתְקַדְּשׁוּ | Hithpael | Impf | 3 | m | p | קִדְּשׁ | they (m) will purify themselves |
| יִטְמָאוּ | Qal | Impf | 3 | m | p | טִמָּא | they (m) will be unclean |
| יִטְמָא | Hithpael | Impf | 3 | m | s | טִמָּא | he will make himself unclean |
| טִמָּא | Piel | P | 3 | m | s | טִמָּא | he defiled |
| וַאֲשַׁתִּימַר | Hithpael | NP | 1 | c | s | שָׁמַר | I kept myself |
| וַיִּשְׁכַּר | Qal | NP | 3 | m | s | שָׁכַר | he became drunk |

B.

2 Chron. 15:8-10 - And as Asa heard these words and the prophecy of Oded the prophet, he showed courage and made the detested things in all the land of Judah and Benjamin pass away, as well as from the cities which he captured from the hill-country of Ephraim. And he renewed the altar of the LORD which was before the vestibule of the LORD. And he gathered all of Judah and Benjamin, and the sojourners with them from Ephraim and Manasseh, and from Simeon, for they had fallen upon him from Israel in abundance, in their seeing that the LORD his God [was] with him. And they gathered [in?] Jerusalem in the third month of the fifteenth year of Asa's reign. :

- a. שָׁמַע = Qal iC (שמע) “to hear”
- b. הִתְחַזַּק = Hithpael P 3ms (חזק) “he showed courage”
- c. וַיַּעֲבֵר = Hiphil NP 3ms (עבר) “he made pass away”
- d. לָכַד = Qal P 3ms (לכד) “he captured”
- e. וַיְחַדֵּשׁ = Piel NP 3ms (חדש) “he renewed”
- f. וַיִּקְבֹּץ = Qal NP 3ms (קבץ) “he gathered”
- g. וְהַגֵּרִים = Qal PtcA mp (גור) “the ones who sojourn”
- h. נָפְלוּ = Qal P 3cp (נפל) “they fell”
- i. רָאֵתָם = Qal iC + 3mp suffix (ראה) “their seeing”
- j. וַיִּקְבְּצוּ = Niphal NP 3mp (קבץ) “they gathered”

Numbers 11:16-18 - And the LORD said to Moses, “Gather to me seventy men from the elders of Israel whom you know that they are elders of the people and its official, and you will take them to the tent of meeting and they will station themselves there with you. And I will come down and I will speak with you there and I will take away from the spirit which is upon you, and I will put [it] upon them, and they will carry with you among the burden of the people, and you will not carry [it] on your own. And to the people you will say, ‘Sanctify yourselves for tomorrow and you will eat meat, since you have wept in the ears of the LORD, saying, “Who gives us meat to eat? For it was good for us in Egypt!” And the LORD will give you meat and you will eat.’” :

- a. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- b. אָסַף = Qal Impv ms (אסף) “Gather! (ms)”
- c. יָדַעְתָּ = Qal P 2ms (ידע) “you knew”
- d. וְלָקַחְתָּ = Qal PC 2ms (לקח) “you will take”
- e. וְהִתְנַצְּבוּ = Hithpael PC 3cp (יצב) “they will station themselves”
- f. וְיָרַדְתִּי = Qal PC 1cs (ירד) “I will come down”
- g. וְדִבַּרְתִּי = Piel PC 1cs (דבר) “I will speak”
- h. וְאַצְלֵתִי = Qal PC 1cs (אצל) “I will take away”
- i. וְשִׁמַּתִּי = Qal PC 1cs (שם) “I will put”
- j. וְנָשְׂאוּ = Qal PC 3cp (נשא) “they will carry”
- k. תִּשָּׂא = Qal Impf 2ms (נשא) “you will carry”
- l. תֹּאמַר = Qal Impf 2ms (אמר) “you will say”
- m. הִתְקַדְּשׁוּ = Hithpael Impv mp (קדש) “Sanctify yourselves!”
- n. וְאָכַלְתֶּם = Qal PC 2mp (אכל) “you will eat”
- o. בָּכִיתֶם = Qal P 2mp (בכה) “you wept”
- p. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “saying”
- q. יֵאָכְלֵנוּ = Hiphil Impf 3ms + 1cs suffix (אכל) “he feeds us”
- r. וְנָתַן = Qal PC 3ms (נתן) “he will give”

Gen. 20:17-18 - And Abraham prayed to God, and God healed Abimelech and his wife, and his maids, and they bore children. For the LORD surely shut behind every womb of the house of Abimelech, on account of the thing concerning Sarah, the wife of Abraham. :

- a. וַיִּתְפַּלֵּל = Hithpael NP 3ms (פלל) “he prayed”
- b. וַיִּרְפָּא = Qal NP 3ms (רפא) “he healed”
- c. וַיֵּלְדוּ = Qal NP 3mp (ילד) “they bore children”
- d. עָצַר = Qal iA (עצר) “to shut”
- e. עָצַר = Qal P 3ms (עצר) “he shut”

1 Sam. 26:1-2 - And the Ziphites came in unto Saul, at Gibeah, saying, “Is not David hiding himself in the hill of Hachilah, upon the face of the desert?” And Saul rose and went down to the wilderness of Ziph and with him 3000 men, chosen ones of Israel, to seek David in the wilderness of Ziph. :

- a. וַיָּבֹאוּ = Qal NP 3mp (בוא) “they entered”
- b. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “saying”
- c. מִסְתַּתֵּר = Hithpael PtcA ms (סתר) “hiding himself”
- d. וַיָּקָם = Qal NP 3ms (קום) “he rose”
- e. וַיֵּרֶד = Qal NP 3ms (ירד) “he went down”
- f. לְבַקֵּשׁ = Piel iC (בקש) “to seek”

Num. 7:88-89 - And all the oxen of the sacrifice of peace [is] 24 bulls, 60 rams, 60 male goats, 60 yearling sheep. This is the dedication of the altar after it was anointed. And when Moses entered into the tent of meeting to speak with him, he heard the voice speaking to him from upon the mercy-seat which is upon the ark of testimony, between the two cherubim. And he spoke to him. :

- a. הִמָּשַׁח = Niphal iC (משח) “to be anointed”
- b. וַיָּבֹא = Qal iC (בוא) “when he entered”
- c. לְדַבֵּר = Piel iC (דבר) “to speak”
- d. וַיִּשְׁמַע = Qal NP 3ms (שמע) “he heard”
- e. מְדַבֵּר = Hithpael PtcA ms (דבר) “one speaking”
- f. וַיְדַבֵּר = Piel NP 3ms (דבר) “he spoke”

Ex. 19:20-22 - And the LORD came down upon the mountain of Sinai, to the top of the mountain. And the LORD called Moses to the top of the mountain, and Moses went up. And the LORD said to Moses, “Go down! Warn the people! Lest they break through to the LORD to see. And many of them will fall. And also the priests who are drawing near to the LORD, they will consecrate themselves, lest the LORD break through them!” :

- a. וַיֵּרֶד = Qal NP 3ms (ירד) “he went down”
- b. וַיִּקְרָא = Qal NP 3ms (קרא) “he called”
- c. וַיַּעַל = Qal NP 3ms (עלה) “he went up”
- d. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- e. יֵרֵד = Qal Impv ms (ירד) “Go down!”
- f. הָעֵד = Hiphil Impv ms (עוד) “Warn!”
- g. יִהְרָסוּ = Qal Impf 3mp (הרס) “they will break through”
- h. לְרֹאוֹת = Qal iC (ראה) “to see”
- i. וְנָפְלוּ = Qal PC 3ms (נפל) “he will fall”
- j. הַנִּגְשִׁים = Niphal PtcA mp (נגש) “those drawing near”
- k. יִתְקַדְּשׁוּ = Hithpael Impf 3mp (קדש) “they will consecrate themselves”
- l. יִפְרֹץ = Qal Impf 3ms (פרץ) “he will break through”

2 Sam. 10:11-13 - And he said, “If Aram is stronger than I am, then you will be to me salvation. And if the sons of Ammon are stronger than you, I will go to deliver you. Be strong! and let us strengthen ourselves on behalf of our people, and on behalf of the cities of our God, and the LORD will do that which is good in his eyes.” And Joab drew near, and the people who were with him, to wage war against Aram. And they fled from before them!

- a. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- b. תִּחְזֹק = Qal Impf 3fs (חזק) “it (f) will be strong”
- c. וְהִיָּתָה = Qal PC 2ms (היה) “you will be”
- d. יִחְזְקוּ = Qal Impf 3mp (חזק) “they will be strong”
- e. וְהֵלַכְתִּי = Qal PC 1cs (הלך) “I will go”
- f. לְהוֹשִׁיעַ = Hiphil iC (ישע) “to deliver”
- g. חֲזֹק = Qal Impv ms (חזק) “Be strong!”
- h. וְנִתְחַזְקוּ = Hithpael Coh 1cp (חזק) “Let us strengthen ourselves”
- i. יַעֲשֶׂה = Qal Impf 3ms (עשה) “he will do”
- j. וַיִּגַּשׁ = Qal NP 3ms (גש) “he drew near”
- k. וַיָּנָסוּ = Qal NP 3mp (ניס) “they fled”

Judg. 20:20-22 - And the men²⁸ of Israel went out to the battle with Benjamin and the men of Israel set themselves in order with them to battle against Gibeah. And the sons of Benjamin went out from Gibeah and they destroyed in Israel, on that day, 22,000 men, to the ground. And the people, the men of Israel, strengthened themselves and they again set themselves in order for battle in the place which they set themselves in order there on the first day. :

- a. וַיֵּצֵאוּ = Qal NP 3ms (יצא) “he went out”
- b. וַיַּעֲרְכוּ = Qal NP 3mp (ערך) “they set in order”
- c. וַיֵּצֵאוּ = Qal NP 3mp (יצא) “they went out”
- d. וַיִּשְׁחָדוּ - Hiphil NP 3mp (שחח) “they destroyed”
- e. וַיִּתְחַזְקוּ = Hithpael NP 3ms (חזק) “they strengthened themselves”
- f. וַיַּסְפּוּ = Hiphil NP 3mp (יסף) “they did again”
- g. לְעַרְךָ = Qal iC (ערך) “to set in order”
- h. עָרְכוּ = Qal P 3cp (ערך) “they had set in order”

²⁸ singular form; plural meaning

2 Kings 20:2-3 - And he turned his face to the wall, and prayed to the LORD, saying: “I pray to you, O LORD! Remember, please, how I have walked back and forth before you in truth. And with a peaceful heart. And I have done what is good in your eyes.”

And Hezekiah wept, and great weeping. :

- a. וַיִּסַּב = Hiphil NP 3ms (סבב) “he turned”
- b. וַיִּתְפַּלֵּל = Hithpael NP 3ms (פלל) “he prayed”
- c. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “saying”
- d. זָכֹר = Qal Impv ms (זכר) “Remember!”
- e. הִתְהַלַּכְתִּי = Hithpael P 1cs (הלך) “I have walked back and forth”
- f. עָשִׂיתִי = Qal P 1cs (עשה) “I have done”
- g. וַיִּבְכֶּה = Qal NP 3ms (בכה) “he wept”

2 Chron. 30:17-20 - For many are in the congregation who have not consecrated themselves, and the Levites [are] over the slaughtering of the passover for all who are not clean, to consecrate to the LORD. For the greatness of the people, many from Ephraim and Manasseh, Issachar and Zebulun have not cleansed themselves, since they have eaten of the passover not as it is written, for Hezekiah prayed for them, saying: “the LORD, the good one, will pardon on account of all whose heart is fixed to seek God, the LORD, God of his fathers, and not like the purifying of the holy thing.” And the LORD heard Hezekiah and healed the people.

- a. הִתְקַדְּשׁוּ = Hithpael P 3mp (קדש) “they consecrated themselves”
- b. לְהַקְדִּישׁ = Hiphil iC (קדש) “to consecrate”
- c. הִטְהָרוּ = Hiphil P 3cp (טהר) “they cleansed themselves”
- d. אָכְלוּ = Qal P 3cp (אכל) “they ate”
- e. כָּתוּב = Qal PtcP ms (כתב) “it is written”
- f. הִתְפַּלֵּל = Hithpael P 3ms (פלל) “he prayed”
- g. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “saying”
- h. יִכַּפֵּר = Piel Impf 3ms (כפר) “he will pardon”
- i. הִכִּין = Hiphil P 3ms (כין) “he fixed”
- j. לְדַרֹּשׁ = Qal iC (דרש) “to seek”
- k. וַיִּשְׁמַע = Qal NP 3ms (שמע) “he heard”
- l. וַיִּרְפָּא = Qal NP 3ms (רפא) “he healed”

20.10: Exegetical Exercises - Roots and Conjugations

| גנב | Basic | Factitive | Causative |
|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| Active | Qal steal | Piel steal away | Hiphil <i>n/a</i> |
| Passive | Niphal be stolen | Pual be stolen away | Hophal <i>n/a</i> |
| Reflexive | | Hithpael steal | |

| שלח | Basic | Factitive | Causative |
|-----------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Active | Qal send | Piel send away | Hiphil set loose |
| Passive | Niphal be sent | Pual be sent away | Hophal <i>n/a</i> |
| Reflexive | | Hithpael <i>n/a</i> | |

| Root | Choice of Stems Possibly Relevant (Well Attested in 2 or 3 Columns) | Choice of Stems Not Relevant (Occurs in Only 1 Column) |
|--------|--|---|
| I גאל | | x |
| למד | x | |
| I אבד | x | |
| מות | x | |
| בוא | x | |
| דרש | | x |
| אבה | | x |
| II הלל | | x |
| גלה | x | |

Chapter 21 (כא)

Pronominal Suffixes on Verbs

21.6: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct; Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect; PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle; Sfx = Suffix

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Sfx | Root | Gloss |
|------------------------|----------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-----|------|---------------------------------|
| עֲמַדְךָ ²⁹ | Qal | iC | - | - | - | 2ms | עמד | your standing |
| וַיַּעֲמִידֵנִי | Hiphil | NP | 3 | m | s | 1cs | עמד | he stationed me |
| וּתְדַבֵּר | Piel | NP | 3/2 | f/m | s | - | דבר | she/you (ms) will speak |
| דְּבָרָו | Piel | iC | - | - | - | 3ms | דבר | his speaking |
| מְקַדְּשְׁכֶם | Piel | PtcA | - | m | s | 2mp | קדש | the one who sanctifies you (mp) |
| מְקַדְּשֵׁי | Pual | PtcP | - | m | p | 1cs | קדש | my holy ones |
| וַיִּתְקַדְּשׁוּ | Hithpael | NP | 3 | m | p | - | קדש | they will consecrate themselves |
| וַיִּלָּחֲמוּבֵי | Niphal | NP | 3 | m | p | 1cs | לחם | they have fought against me |
| הַרְחִיקָהּ | Hiphil | Impv | - | m | s | 3ms | רחק | Put it far away |

²⁹ This form is only attested in Obadiah 11, where sense dictates a Qal Infinitive Construct with suffix; though it is formally equivalent to a Qal Perfect 3ms with suffix. (cf. 13.3, p. 153)

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------|----|---|---|---|-----|-------|-----------------|
| הַכִּירְנִי | Hiphil | iC | - | - | - | 1cs | נִכְר | regarding me |
|-------------|--------|----|---|---|---|-----|-------|-----------------|

B.

2 Chron. 24:25-26 - When they had gone from him, when they left him with severe wounds, his servants had conspired against him, for the blood of the sons of Jehoiada, the priest. And they killed him on his bed, and he died. And they buried him in the city of David, but they did not bury him in the burial-places of the kings. And those who conspired against him were Zabad, son of Shimath, the Ammonite, and Jehozabad, son of Shimrit, the Moabite. :

- a. וַיֵּלְכֻם = Qal iC + sfx 3mp (הלך) “when they went”
- b. עָזְבוּ = Qal P 3cp (עזב) “they left”
- c. הִתְקַשְּׂרוּ = Hithpael P 3cp (קשר) “they conspired”
- d. וַיַּהַרְגוּ = Qal NP 3mp + sfx 3ms (הרג) “they killed him”
- e. וַיָּמָת = Qal NP 3ms (מות) “he died”
- f. וַיִּקְבְּרוּ = Qal NP 3mp + sfx 3ms (קבר) “they buried him”
- g. קָבְרוּ = Qal P 3cp + sfx 3ms (קבר) “they buried him”
- h. הַמִּתְקַשְּׂרִים = Hithpael Ptc mp (קשר) “the ones who conspired”

Deut. 24:1-4 - When a man takes a wife and marries her, and it comes about that she does not find favor in his eyes, since he has found in her a shameful thing,³⁰ he will write her a document of divorce and give it into her hand and send her away from his house. And (should) she go out from his house and go and become another man's; and the latter man hates her and he writes her a document of divorce and gives it into her hand and sends her away from his house or if the later man, who took her to be his wife, dies; her first husband, who sent her away, may not return to take her to become his wife after she has been defiled, since she is an abomination before the LORD. And you shall not bring sin upon the land which the LORD your God is giving you for an inheritance. :

- a. יָקַח = Qal Impf 3ms (לקח) "he takes"
- b. וַיִּבְרָךְ = Qal PC 3ms + sfx 3fs (בעל) "he marries her"
- c. וְהָיָה = Qal PC 3ms (היה) "it will be"
- d. תִּמְצָא = Qal Impf 3fs (מצא) "she finds"
- e. מָצָא = Qal P 3ms (מצא) "he found"
- f. וְכָתַב = Qal PC 3ms (כתב) "he will write"
- g. וְנָתַן = Qal PC 3ms (נתן) "he will give"
- h. וְשָׁלַח = Piel PC 3ms + sfx 3fs (שלח) "he will send her away"
- i. וַיֵּצֵא = Qal PC 3fs (יצא) "she goes out"
- j. וְהָלַךְ = Qal PC 3fs (הלך) "she goes"
- k. וְהָיְתָה = Qal PC 3fs (היה) "she will be"
- l. וַיִּשְׁנֶאֱ = Qal PC 3ms + sfx 3fs (שנא) "he hates her"
- m. יָמוּת = Qal Impf 3ms (מות) "he dies"
- n. לָקַח = Qal P 3ms + sfx 3fs (לקח) "he took her"
- o. יָכֹל = Qal Impf 3ms (יכל) "he is able"
- p. שָׁלַח = Piel P 3ms + sfx 3fs (שלח) "he sent her away"
- q. לָשׁוּב = Qal iC (שוב) "to return"
- r. לִקְחָהּ = Qal iC + sfx 3fs (לקח) "to take her"
- s. לֵהְיוֹת = Qal iC (היה) "to be"
- t. הִטְמָאָה = Hothpaal P 3fs (טמא) "she has been defiled"
- u. תַּחֲטִיִּא = Hiphil Impf 2ms (חטא) "you will bring sin"
- v. נֹתֵן = Qal PtcA ms (נתן) "he is giving"

³⁰ עֶרְוַת דְּבָר, literally "a nakedness of word/thing"

1 Kings 1:2-4 - And his servants said to him, “Let them seek for my lord, the king, a young woman, a virgin, and she stand before the king. And she will be to him a stewardess and she will lie down upon your bosom. And my lord, the king, will be warmed.” And they sought a beautiful young woman in all the territory of Israel, and they found Abishag the Shunammite, and they brought her to the king. And the young woman was very beautiful, and she was a stewardess to the king, and she served him; but the king did not know her. :

- a. וַיֹּאמְרוּ = Qal NP 3mp (אמר) “they said”
- b. וַיִּבְקְשׁוּ = Piel Jussive 3mp (בקש) “let them seek”
- c. וְעָמְדָהּ = Qal PC 3fs (עמד) “she will stand”
- d. וְהָיָהּ = Qal Impf 3fs (היה) “she will be”
- e. וְשָׁכְבָהּ = Qal PC 3fs (שכב) “she will lie down”
- f. וְחָמָהּ = Qal PC 3ms (חמם) “he will be warmed”
- g. וַיִּבְקְשׁוּ = Piel NP 3mp (בקש) “they sought”
- h. וַיִּמְצְאוּ = Qal NP 3mp (מצא) “they found”
- i. וַיָּבִיאוּ = Hiphil NP 3mp (בוא) “they brought”
- j. וְהָיָהּ = Qal NP 3fs (היה) “she was”
- k. וַתִּשָּׁרְתָהּ = Piel NP 3fs + sfx 3ms (שרת) “she served him”
- l. וַיֵּדַעַהּ = Qal P 3ms + sfx 3fs (ידע) “he knew her”

Gen. 13:7-8 - And there was a dispute between the ones shepherding the cattle of Abram and between the ones shepherding the cattle of Lot. And the Canaanites and the Perizzites were dwelling in the land at that time. And Abram said to Lot, “Let there not be strife between me and between you, between my shepherds and between your shepherds; since we are men, brothers. :

- a. וַיְהִי = Qal NP 3ms (היה) “there was”
- b. רֹעִי = Qal PtcA mp [construct] (רעה) “shepherding ones”
- c. יָשָׁב = Qal PtcA ms (ישב) “dwelling”
- d. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- e. תִּהְיֶה = Qal Jussive 3fs³¹ (היה) “let there be”

³¹ cf. Errata for Page 278 n.20: <https://www.introductiontohebrew.com/errata>

Josh. 1:1-3 - And it was after the death of Moses, the servant of the LORD, the LORD said to Joshua, son of Nun, the one who served Moses, saying: “Moses, my servant, has died. And now, rise! Pass over this Jordan, you and all this people, to the land which I am giving to them the sons of Israel. Every place which the sole of your foot will tread upon it, I have given it to you, just as I spoke to Moses.”

- a. וַיְהִי = Qal NP 3ms (היה) “it was”
- b. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- c. מִשְׁתָּרֵת = Piel PtcA ms (שרת) “the one who served”
- d. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “saying”
- e. מָת = Qal P 3ms (מות) “he died”
- f. קוּם = Qal Impv ms (קום) “Rise!”
- g. עָבַר = Qal Impv ms (עבר) “Pass over!”
- h. נָתַן = Qal PtcA ms (נתן) “giving”
- i. תִּדְרֹךְ = Qal Impf 3fs (דרך) “it treads”
- j. נָתַתִּי = Qal P 1cs + sfx 3ms (נתן) “I have given it”
- k. דִּבַּרְתִּי = Piel P 1cs (דבר) “I spoke”

21.7: Exegetical Exercises - Dynamic and Formal Translation Philosophies

A. Judges 3:15

- a. “A man bound of his right hand”
- b. Most English translations render this dynamically: “left-handed”
- c. Though אָשֵׁר does not occur in 1 Chr 12:2, one can infer from the two uses in Judges that it refers similarly to the left-handed stone slingers.

B. 2 Chronicles 25:17

- a. “And Amaziah, the king of Judah, was advised and sent to Joash, the son of Jehoahaz, the son of Jehu, the king of Israel, saying: ‘Come! Let us look at each other’s faces.’”
- b. “Let us look at each other’s faces.”
- c. NIV = dynamic; ESV = formal
- d. Formal equivalence helps to identify each semantic unit in the original, but it can make it difficult to understand the translation.
- e. Dynamic equivalence helps to understand the overall sense, but it can leave out much of the original information.

C. Formal and Dynamic Equivalences

a. Translations

- i. “A man bound of his right hand”
- ii. “For what have your faces fallen?”
- iii. “And the heart of his brother will not be melted like his heart”
- iv. “For it is the beginning of his power”
- v. “Let us look at each other’s faces”

b.

| Phrase | NIV | ESV | HCSB | KJV | NLT |
|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Judg 3:15 | dynamic | dynamic | dynamic | dynamic | dynamic |
| Gen 4:6 | dynamic | formal | dynamic | formal | dynamic |
| Deut 20:8 | dynamic | formal | formal | dynamic | dynamic |
| Deut 21:17 | dynamic | formal | formal | formal | dynamic |
| 2 Chron 25:17 | dynamic | formal | dynamic | formal | dynamic |

c. Most Formally Equivalent to Most Dynamically Equivalent

- i. ESV
- ii. KJV
- iii. HCSB
- iv. NIV
- v. NLT

Chapter 22 (כב)

I-Guttural Verbs

22.8: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct;
 Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect;
 PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle;
 Sfx = Suffix

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Sfx | Root | Gloss |
|-------------|----------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-----|------|----------------------|
| עָמַדְנוּ | Qal | P | 1 | c | p | - | עמד | we stood |
| אֶסְפֶּה | Qal | Impf | 1 | c | s | - | אסף | I will gather |
| הֶאֱמִינוּ | Hiphil | P | 3 | c | p | - | אמן | they believed |
| בָּרוּךְ | Qal | PtcP | - | m | s | - | ברך | one who is blessed |
| תִּסְפְּדוּ | Qal | Impf | 2 | f | s | - | אסף | you (fs) will gather |
| וַתִּעַמַּד | Qal | NP | 3/2 | f/m | s | - | עמד | she/you stood |
| תַּעֲזֹבֶהָ | Qal | Impf | 2 | m | s | 3fs | עזב | you will forsake her |
| יֵאֱמָן | Niphal | Impf | 3 | m | s | - | אמן | he is reliable |
| אֶסְפֶּם | Qal | PtcA | - | m | s | 3mp | אסף | gathering them |
| עֲמִדוּ | Qal | Impv | - | m | p | - | עמד | Stand firm (mp)! |
| עָזְבָהּ | Qal | P | 3 | f | s | - | עזב | she left |
| יִתְהַלֵּל | Hithpael | Impf | 3 | m | s | - | הלל | he will boast |
| וַיִּסְאֶף | Niphal | NP | 3 | m | s | - | אסף | he assembled |

| | | | | | | | | |
|------------|--------|------|---|---|---|---|-------|---------------------------------|
| נֶאֱמָנוֹת | Niphal | Ptc | - | f | p | - | אֵמָן | ones (f) who are faithful |
| יִעָזְבוּ | Niphal | Impf | 3 | m | p | - | עָזַב | they will be left |

B.

Josh. 24:1-4 - And Joshua gathered all the tribes of Israel to Shechem, and he called to the elders of Israel and to its heads and to its judges and to its officials. And they stationed themselves before God. And Joshua said to all the people, “Thus says the LORD, God of Israel: “In the region across the river, your fathers dwelled, long ago. Terah, father of Abraham and father of Nahor, and they served other gods. And I took your father, Abraham, from the region across the river, and I brought him through all the land of Canaan, and I multiplied his offspring, and I gave him Isaac. And I gave to Isaac, Jacob and Esau. And I gave to Esau, Mount Seir to possess. And Jacob and his sons went down to Egypt.

- וַיִּגְאַסָּהּ = Qal NP 3ms (אָסַף) “he gathered”
- וַיִּקְרָא = Qal NP 3ms (קָרָא) “he called”
- וְשִׁפְטוּ = Qal PtcA mp + sfx 3ms (שָׁפַט) “its judging ones”
- וַיִּתְּנָצְבוּ = Hithpael NP 3mp (יָצַב) “they stationed themselves”
- וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אָמַר) “he said”
- אָמַר = Qal P 3ms (אָמַר) “he said”
- יָשְׁבוּ = Qal P 3cp (יָשַׁב) “they dwelled”
- וַיַּעֲבֹדוּ = Qal NP 3mp (עָבַד) “they served”
- וָאֶקַּח = Qal NP 1cs (לָקַח) “I took”
- וָאֶבְרַח = Hiphil NP 1cs (הֵבִיחַ) “I brought”
- וָאֶרְבֵּה = Hiphil NP 1cs (רָבַה) “I multiplied”
- וָאֶתֵּן = Qal NP 1cs (נָתַן) [pausal] “I gave”
- וָאֶתֵּן = Qal NP 1cs (נָתַן) “I gave”
- לְרִשְׁתָּהּ = Qal iC (יָרַשׁ) “to possess”
- וַיֵּרְדוּ = Qal P 3cp (יָרַד) “they went down”

Judg. 9:1-5 - And Abimelech, son of Jerubbaal, went to Shechem to the brothers of his mother, and he spoke to them and to all the clan of the house of the father of his mother, saying, “Say, now, in the ears of all the lords of Shechem: ‘Which is better for you? For all of the seventy sons of Jerubbaal to rule over you, or for one man to rule over you? You will remember that I am your bone and your flesh.’” And the brothers of his mother spoke in the ears of all the lords of Shechem all these words, and their heart was inclined [to follow] after Abimelech, since they said, “he is our brother.” And they gave him seventy [pieces of] silver from the house of Baal-Berith.³² And Abimelech hired with them worthless and reckless men, and they walked after him. And he went into the house of his father in Ophrah and killed his brothers, the sons of Jerubbaal, seventy men, upon one stone. But, Jotham, the youngest son of Jerubbaal remained, because he hid himself. :

- a. וַיֵּלֶךְ = Qal NP 3ms (הלך) “he went”
- b. וַיְדַבֵּר = Piel NP 3ms (דבר) “he spoke”
- c. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “saying”
- d. דַּבְּרוּ = Piel Impv mp (דבר) “Speak!”
- e. מִשָּׁל = Qal iC (משל) “to rule”
- f. וְזָכַרְתֶּם = Qal PC 2mp (זכר) “you (mp) will remember”
- g. וַיְדַבְּרוּ = Piel NP 3mp (דבר) “they spoke”
- h. נִטָּה = Qal NP 3ms (נטה) “it was inclined [to follow]”
- i. אָמְרוּ = Qal P 3cp (אמר) “they said”
- j. וַיִּתְּנוּ = Qal NP 3mp (נתן) “they gave”
- k. וַיִּשְׁכֹּר = Qal NP 3ms (שכר) “he hired”
- l. פְּחֻזִּים = Qal PtcA mp (פחז) “ones who are being reckless”
- m. וַיֵּלְכוּ = Qal NP 3mp (הלך) “they went”
- n. וַיָּבֵא = Qal NP 3ms (בוא) “he went in”
- o. וַיַּהַרְגַּם = Qal NP 3ms (הרג) “he killed”
- p. וַיִּנָּתֶר = Niphal NP 3ms (יתר)³³ “he remained”
- q. נִתְחַבֵּא = Niphal P 3ms (חבא) “he hid himself”

³² literally, “lord of [the] covenant”

³³ Originally וַיִּתְּנוּ, hence the ו reappearing in the Niphal

Judg. 9:6-9 - And all the lords of Shechem assembled, and all Beth-Millo, and they went and they crowned Abimelech as king at the oak that is fixed, which is in Shechem. And it was told to Jotham, and he went and stood on the top of Mount Gerizim, and he lifted his voice and called and said to them, “Listen to me, lords of Shechem! And God will listen to you. The trees truly went to anoint over them a king, and they said to the olive tree: ‘Rule over us!’ And the olive tree said to them: ‘Should I cease [having] my abundance, in which God and men honor me, and go to hold sway over the trees?’”

- a. וַיִּאָּסְפוּ = Niphal NP 3mp (אסף) “they gathered”
- b. וַיֵּלְכוּ = Qal NP 3mp (הלך) “they went”
- c. וַיִּמְלִיכוּ = Hiphil NP 3mp (מלך) “they crowned/caused to rule”
- d. מִצֵּב = Hophal PtcP ms (נצב) “that which is fixed”
- e. וַיִּגְדּוּ = Hiphil NP 3mp (נגד) “they told”
- f. וַיֵּלֶךְ = Qal NP 3ms (הלך) “he went”
- g. וַיַּעֲמֵד = Qal NP 3ms (עמד) “he stood”
- h. וַיִּשָּׂא = Qal NP 3ms (נשא) “he lifted”
- i. וַיִּקְרָא = Qal NP 3ms (קרא) “he called”
- j. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- k. שִׁמְעוּ = Qal Impv mp (שמע) “Listen!”
- l. וַיִּשְׁמַע = Qal Impf/Jussive 3ms (שמע) “he will listen”
- m. הָלֹךְ = Qal iA (הלך) “to go”
- n. הָלְכוּ = Qal P 3cp (הלך) “they went”
- o. לְמַשֵּׁחַ = Qal iC (משח) “to anoint”
- p. וַיֹּאמְרוּ = Qal NP 3mp (אמר) “they said”
- q. מְלִיכָה = Qal Impv ms (מלך) “Rule!”
- r. הֲיִסְתָּדֵלְתִּי = Qal P 1cs + ה interrogative (חדל) “Should I cease?”
- s. יִכְבְּדוּ = Piel Impf 3mp (כבד) “they will honor”
- t. וְהִלַּכְתִּי = Qal PC 1cs (הלך) “I will go”
- u. לְנוֹעַ = Qal iC (נוע) “to hold sway”

Judg. 9:10-15 - “And the trees said to the fig tree: ‘Come, you! Rule over us!’ And the fig tree said to them, ‘Should I cease [having] my sweetness and my good produce and go to hold sway over the trees?’ And the trees said to the vine: ‘Come, you! Rule over us!’ And the vine said to them, ‘Should I cease [having] my wine, which gladdens God and men and go to hold sway over the trees?’ And all the trees said to the bramble: ‘Come, you! Rule over us!’ And the bramble said to the trees, ‘If, in truth, you are anointing me as king over you, come in and take refuge in my shade. But, if not, may fire go out from the bramble and consume the cedars of Lebanon.’” :

- a. לָכִי = Qal Impv fs (הלך) “Come (fs)!”
- b. מִלְכִּי = Qal Impv fs (מלך) “Rule (fs)!”
- c. וַתֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3fs (אמר) “it(f) said”
- d. הַמְשִׂיחַ = Piel PtcA ms (שמה) “that which gladdens”
- e. לָךְ = Qal Impv ms (הלך) “Come (ms)!”
- f. מִלְךְ = Qal Impv ms (מלך) “Rule (ms)!”
- g. מְשִׁיחִים = Qal PtcA mp (משח) “anointing”
- h. בֹּאוּ = Qal Impv mp (בוא) “Come in (mp)!”
- i. חֲסוּ = Qal Impv mp (חסה) “Take refuge (mp)!”
- j. תֵּצֵא = Qal Jussive 3fs (יצא) “may it(f) go out”
- k. וַתֹּאכַל = Qal Jussive 3fs (אכל) “may it(f) consume”

Judg. 9:16-21 - “Now, if, in truth and sincerity, you have done [this] and have crowned Abimelech, and if you have done good with Jerubbaal and with his house, and if according to the dealing of his hand you have done to him, which my father waged war on your behalf, and cast his soul from before him, and delivered you from the hand of Midian. And you have risen up against the house of my father this day and have killed his sons, seventy men, upon one stone, and have crowned Abimelech, the son of his maidservant, over the lords of Shechem, because he is your brother. If, in truth and sincerity, you have done [this] with Jerubbaal and with his house this day, rejoice in Abimelech and let him rejoice also in you! But if not, let fire go out from Abimelech and let it devour the lords of Shechem and Beth-Millo and let fire go out from the lords of Shechem and from Beth-Millo and let it devour Abimelech.” And Jotham ran away and fled and he went to Beer, and dwelled there because of Abimelech, his brother. :

- a. עָשִׂיתָם = Qal P 2mp (עָשָׂה) “you have done [this]”
- b. וַתִּמְלִיכוּ = Hiphil NP 2mp (מָלַךְ) “you have crowned”
- c. נָלַחַם = Niphal P 3ms (לָחַם) “he waged war”
- d. וַיִּשְׁלַךְ = Hiphil NP 3ms (שָׁלַךְ) “he cast”
- e. וַיִּצֵּל = Hiphil NP 3ms (נָצַל) “he delivered”
- f. קָמַתָּם³⁴ = Qal P 2mp (קָם) “you have risen up”
- g. וַתַּהַרְגוּ = Qal NP 2mp (הָרַג) “you have killed”
- h. שִׂמְחוּ = Qal Impv mp (שָׂמַח) “Rejoice (mp)! ”
- i. וַיִּשְׂמַח = Qal Jussive 3ms (שָׂמַח) “let him rejoice”
- j. וַיָּנוּס = Qal NP 3ms (נָס) “he ran away”
- k. וַיִּבְרַח = Qal NP 3ms (בָּרַח) “he fled”
- l. וַיֵּלֶךְ = Qal NP 3ms (הָלַךְ) “he went”
- m. וַיֵּשֶׁב = Qal NP 3ms (יָשַׁב) “he dwelled”

22.9: Exegetical Exercises - *Hapax Legomena* and the Use of Other Semitic Languages, Part 1

- A. In the ESV, the usual gloss for שְׁפֵלָה is “lowland”
 - a. Obadiah 19 strengthens this idea, because the land of the Philistines is along the coastal plain or lowland.
 - b. שָׁפַל means to be or bring low, to sink, or to humiliate, all related to the idea that the land along the coast was lower than the mountains.
- C. something akin to a necklace

³⁴ cf. Errata for Page 297, n.14: <https://www.introductiontohebrew.com/errata>

Chapter 23 (כג)

II-Guttural and III-ח/ע Verbs

23.5: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct;
 Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect;
 PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle;
 Sfx = Suffix

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Sfx | Root | Gloss |
|-------------|----------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-----|------|-------------------------|
| יִבְחָרוּ | Qal | Impf | 3 | m | p | - | בחר | they will choose |
| בָּרוּךְ | Qal | PtcP | - | m | s | - | ברך | blessed |
| נִחַמְתִּי | Niphal | P | 1 | c | s | - | נחם | I have pitied |
| מְנַחֵם | Piel | PtcA | - | m | s | - | נחם | comforter |
| הִתְחַזְקָה | Hiphil | P | 3 | f | s | - | חזק | it (f) strengthened |
| בִּבְחָרוּ | Qal | Impv | - | m | p | - | בחר | Choose (mp)! |
| בָּרְכוּ | Piel | P | 3 | c | p | - | ברך | they blessed |
| וַיְבָרֶךְ | Piel | NP | 3 | m | s | - | ברך | he blessed |
| בְּחֹר | Qal | PtcP | - | m | s | - | בחר | chosen |
| נִבְחַר | Niphal | P | 3 | m | s | - | בחר | he was chosen |
| נִבְחָר | Niphal | PtcP | - | m | s | - | בחר | chosen |
| אֶנְחָם | Niphal | Impf | 1 | c | s | - | נחם | I will pity |
| מְבָרְכֶיךָ | Piel | PtcA | - | m | p | 2ms | ברך | the one blessing you |
| הִתְחַזַּק | Hithpael | P | 3 | m | s | - | חזק | he strengthened himself |

| | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----|------|---|---|---|---|-----|------------------|
| בְּחֹרִי ³⁵ | Qal | PtcP | - | m | p | - | בחר | the chosen of |
|------------------------|-----|------|---|---|---|---|-----|------------------|

B.

Gen. 27:41-43 - And Esau hated Jacob on account of the blessing which his father had blessed him, and Esau said in his heart, “The days of mourning my father approach, then let me kill Jacob, my brother.” But to Rebekah were told the words of Esau, her older son. And she sent and called to Jacob, her younger son, and she said to him, “Behold! Esau, your brother, is comforting himself regarding you, to kill you. Now, my son, hear my voice and rise, flee you to Laban my brother, to Haran.”

- a. וַיִּשְׂטֵם = Qal NP 3ms (שטם) “he hated”
- b. בֵּרַךְ = Piel P 3ms + sfx 3ms (ברך) “he blessed him”
- c. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- d. יִקְרְבוּ = Qal Impf 3mp (קרב) “they approach”
- e. וְאַתְּרַגֵּה = Qal Coh 1cs (הרג) “Then let me kill”
- f. וַיִּגַּד = Hophal NP 3ms (גיד) “it was told”
- g. וַתִּשְׁלַח = Qal NP 3fs (שלח) “she sent”
- h. וַתִּקְרָא = Qal NP 3fs (קרא) “she called”
- i. וַתֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3fs (אמר) “she said”
- j. מִתְנַחֵם = Hithpael PtcA ms (נחם) “he is comforting himself”
- k. לְהַרְגֶּךָ = Qal iC + sfx 2ms (הרג) “to kill you”
- l. שִׁמַּע = Qal Impv ms (שמע) “Hear (ms)!”
- m. קוּם = Qal Impv ms (קום) “Rise (ms)!”³⁶
- n. פָּרַח = Qal Impv ms (ברח) “Flee (ms)!”

³⁵ this form is a construct form

³⁶ cf. Errata for Page 309, n. 1: <https://www.introductiontohebrew.com/errata>

Num. 22:37-40 - And Balak said to Balaam, “Did I not surely send to you, to call to you? Why have you not come to me? Am I truly not able to honor you?” And Balaam said to Balak, “Behold! I have come to you. Now, am I truly able to speak anything? The word which God will place in my mouth, that I will speak.” And Balaam went with Balak, and they entered Kiriath-Huzoth. And Balak slaughtered cattle and sheep and sent for Balaam and for the princes who were with him.

- a. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- b. שְׁלַח = Qal iA (שלח) “to send”
- c. שְׁלַחְתִּי = Qal P 1cs (שלח) “I sent”
- d. לְקַרֵּא = Qal iC (קרא) “to call”
- e. הֵלַכְתָּ = Qal P 2ms (הלך) “you came”
- f. אוֹכֵל = Qal Impf 1cs (יכל) “I am able”
- g. כִּבְדֶּךָ = Piel iC + sfx 2ms (כבד) “to honor you”
- h. בָּאתִי = Qal P 1cs (בוא) “I have come”
- i. יָכוֹל = Qal iA (יכל) “to be able”
- j. דִּבַּר = Piel iC (דבר) “to speak”
- k. יָשִׁים = Qal Impf 3ms (שים) “he will place”
- l. אֶדְבַּר = Piel Impf 1cs (דבר) “I will speak”
- m. וַיֵּלֶךְ = Qal NP 3ms (הלך) “he went”
- n. וַיָּבֹאוּ = Qal NP 3mp (בוא) “they entered”
- o. וַיִּזְבַּח = Qal NP 3ms (זבח) “he slaughtered”
- p. וַיִּשְׁלַח = Qal NP 3ms (שלח) “he sent”

Gen. 48:18-20 - And Joseph said to his father, “Not so, my father, for this is the firstborn. Place your right hand upon his head.” But, his father refused, and said, “I know, my son, I know. He also will become a nation and he also will be great. But, his younger brother will be greater than he, and his seed will be a multitude of nations.” And he blessed them on that day, saying: “By you Israel will bless, saying, ‘May God place you as Ephraim and [then] as Manasseh.’” And he placed Ephraim before Manasseh.

- a. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- b. שים = Qal Impv ms (שים) “Place (ms)!”
- c. וימאן = Piel NP 3ms (מאן) “he refused”
- d. ידעתי = Qal P 1cs (ידע) “I know”
- e. יהיה = Qal Impf 3ms (היה) “he will be”
- f. יגדל = Qal Impf 3ms (pausal) (גדל) “he will be great”
- g. יגדל = Qal Impf 3ms (גדל) “he will be great”
- h. ויברכם = Piel NP 3ms + sfx 3mp (ברך) “he blessed them”
- i. לאמור = Qal iC (plene) (אמר) “saying”
- j. יברך = Piel Impf 3ms (ברך) “he will bless”
- k. ישם = Qal Jussive 3ms + sfx 2ms (שים) “may he place”
- l. וישם = Qal NP 3ms (שים) “he placed”

Deut. 16:13-15 - The festival of Sukkot (the booths) you will do for you [for] seven days. In your gathering from the threshing-floor and from your winepress. And you will rejoice in your festival, you and your son and your daughter and your male-servant and your female servant and the Levite and the sojourner and the orphan and the widow who is within your gates. Seven days you will keep the festival to the LORD your God in the place which the LORD will choose. For the LORD your God will bless you in all your produce and all the works of your hands. And surely you will be joyful.

- a. תעשה = Qal Impf 2ms (עשה) “you will do”
- b. באספוד = Qal iC + sfx 2ms (אסף) “in your gathering”
- c. ושמחת = Qal PC 2ms (שמח) “you will rejoice”
- d. תחג = Qal Impf 2ms (חגג) “you will keep a festival”
- e. יבחר = Qal Impf 3ms (בחר) “he will choose”
- f. יברך = Piel Impf 3ms + sfx 2ms (ברך) “he will bless you”
- g. ותיי = Qal PC 2ms (היה) “you will be”

23.6: Exegetical Exercises - *Hapax Legomena* and the Use of Other Semitic Languages, Part 2

A.

- Akkadian *šibbu* and Arabic *saff/siff/suff*
- Considering the context of the verse, using שִׁבְּוּ 'serpent' and הַנִּשְׁכָּה "the biter", Wenham's suggestion seemed defensible. Therefore, we likely find the fulfillment of the prophecy in Samson and the Danite sack of Laish.

B.

- "he who does not wander upon his tongue, and does not do evil to his neighbor, and does not lift reproach upon those near him"
- Dahood takes רָגַל to mean "trip"
 1. "usual, practised"
 2. "slander"
 3. the connection has to do with moving about on foot, specifically as a slanderer.
 4. Not likely. Based on the context, "slander" seems more appropriate than "trip".

Chapter 24 (כד)

III-ה Verbs

24.8: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct;
 Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect;
 PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle;
 Sfx = Suffix

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Sfx | Root | Gloss |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-----|------|--------------------------|
| הִשְׁתַּחֲוִיתָ | Hishtaphel | P | 2 | m | s | - | חווה | you worshiped |
| נִגְלָתָהּ ³⁷ | Niphal | P | 3 | f | s | - | גלה | it (f) revealed itself |
| עָשָׂתָהּ | Qal | P | 3 | f | s | - | עשה | it (f) did |
| עָלִיתָ | Qal | P | 2 | f | s | - | עלה | you (fs) went up |
| יִשְׁתַּחֲווּ | Hishtaphel | Impf | 3 | m | p | - | חווה | they will worship |
| עָשִׂיתָנִי | Qal | P | 2 | m | s | lcs | עשה | you made me |
| הִגְלוֹת | Niphal | iC | - | - | - | - | גלה | to uncover |
| עָשֵׂה | Qal | Impv | - | m | s | - | עשה | Do (ms)! |
| וַיֵּעֲלוּ | Qal ³⁸ | NP | 3 | m | p | - | עלה | They went up |
| וַיִּשְׁתַּחֲוּ ³⁹ | Hishtaphel | NP | 3 | m | p | - | חווה | they worshiped |
| מַעֲלִים | Hiphil | PtcA | - | m | p | - | עלה | those who make offerings |

³⁷ This is the proper paradigmatic form; however, this form only occurs once (Isa 53:1), and there it is pausal נִגְלָתָהּ

³⁸ Due to compensatory lengthening with the ו, this form could also be parsed as a Hiphil

³⁹ Only occurring in Neh 8:6, this is a defective form of וַיִּשְׁתַּחֲווּ

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----|------|---|---|---|-----|-----|-----------------|
| נַעֲלָה | Qal | Impf | 1 | c | p | - | עלה | we will go up |
| נָעַשׂ | Qal | PC | 1 | c | s | - | עשה | I did |
| בְּנוֹתֶיךָ | Qal | iC | - | - | - | 2fs | בנה | building of you |
| גָּלוּ | Qal | P | 3 | c | p | - | גלה | they uncovered |

B.

Judg, 7:15-18 - And it was that when Gideon heard the telling of the dream and its interpretation, he worshiped. And he returned to the camp of Israel and said, “Rise! For the LORD has given into your hand the camp of Midian.” And he divided the three hundred men into three “heads” and he put trumpets into all of their hands and empty jars, and torches inside of the jars. And he said to them, “Look at me and do likewise. And behold! I am coming to the edge of the camp and it shall be that as I do, you shall do. And when I sound the trumpet, I and all who are with me, then you will also sound the trumpets, going around all the camp, and you will say “For the LORD and for Gideon!”

- a. וַיְהִי = Qal NP 3ms (היה) “it was”
- b. בְּשִׁמְעוֹ = Qal iC (שמע) “in the hearing”
- c. וַיִּשְׁתַּחֲוֶה = Hishtaphel NP 3ms (חזה) “he worshiped”
- d. וַיָּשׁוּב = Qal NP 3ms (שוב) “he returned”
- e. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- f. קוּמוּ = Qal Impv mp (קום) “Rise (mp)! ”
- g. נָתַן = Qal P 3ms (נתן) “he has given”
- h. וַיַּחֲצֵץ = Qal NP 3ms (חצה) “he divided”
- i. וַיִּתֵּן = Qal NP 3ms (נתן) “he gave”
- j. תִּרְאוּ = Qal Impf 2mp (ראה) “you (mp) will look”
- k. תַּעֲשׂוּ = Qal Impf 2mp (עשה) “you (mp) will do”
- l. בָּא = Qal PtcA ms (בוא) “coming”
- m. וְהָיָה = Qal PC 3ms (היה) “it will be”
- n. אֶעֱשֶׂה = Qal Impf 1cs (עשה) “I will do”
- o. תַּעֲשׂוּן = Qal Impf 2mp (עשה) “you (mp) will do”
- p. וְתִקְעֶנּוּ = Qal PC 1cs (תקע) “I will sound”
- q. וְתִקְעֶתֶם = Qal PC 2mp (תקע) “you (mp) will sound”
- r. וְנֹאמַרְתֶּם = Qal PC 2mp (אמר) “you (mp) will say”

Judg. 2:11-15 - And the sons of Israel did that which is evil in the eyes of the LORD and they served the Baalim. And they abandoned the LORD, the God of their fathers, the one who brought them out from the land of Egypt, and they walked after other gods from the gods of the peoples who surrounded them. And they bowed down to them and they provoked the LORD. And they abandoned the LORD and served Baal and the Ashtaroth. And the anger of the LORD burned against Israel and he gave them into the hand of plunderers and they plundered them. And he sold them into the hand of their surrounding enemies, and they were not able any longer to stand before their enemies. In every place which they went, the hand of the LORD was against them for harm, just as the LORD has spoken and just as the LORD had sworn to them. And it was very difficult for them.

- a. וַיַּעֲשׂוּ = Qal NP 3mp (עשה) “they did”
- b. וַיַּעֲבָדוּ = Qal NP 3mp (עבד) “they served”
- c. וַיַּעֲזָבוּ = Qal NP 3mp (עזב) “they abandoned”
- d. הַמוֹצִיאַ = Hiphil PtcA ms (יצא) “the one who brought them out”
- e. וַיֵּלְכוּ = Qal NP 3mp (הלך) “they went”
- f. וַיִּשְׁתַּחֲוּוּ = Hishtaphel NP 3mp (חיה) “they bowed down”
- g. וַיִּקְעֲסוּ = Hiphil NP 3mp (כעס) “they provoked”
- h. וַיִּחַר = Qal NP 3ms (חרה) “it burned”
- i. וַיִּתֶּנֶם = Qal NP 3ms + sfx 3mp (נתן) “he gave them”
- j. שֹׁסִים = Qal PtcA mp (שסס)⁴⁰ “plundering ones”
- k. וַיִּשָּׁפוּ = Qal NP 3mp (שסס) “they plundered”
- l. וַיִּמְכְּרֵם = Qal NP 3ms + sfx 3mp (מכר) “he sold them”
- m. יָכְלוּ = Qal P 3cp (יכל) “they were able”
- n. לַעֲמֹד = Qal iC (עמד) “to stand”
- o. יֵצְאוּ = Qal P 3cp (יצא) “to go out”
- p. הָיְתָה = Qal P 3fs (היה) “it was”
- q. דִּבֶּר = Piel P 3ms (דבר) “he spoke”
- r. נִשְׁבַּע = Niphal P 3ms (שבע) “he swore”
- s. וַיִּצָּר = Qal NP 3ms (צרר) “it was difficult”

⁴⁰ BDB and HALOT both list this under the supposed root שסס

Ex. 20:22-26 - And the LORD said to Moses, “Thus shall you say to the sons of Israel: ‘You have seen that I have spoken with you from heaven. You shall not make [to be] with me gods of silver and gods of gold you shall not make for yourselves. An altar of earth you shall make for me and you shall sacrifice upon it your burnt-offerings and your peace-offerings, your sheep and your ox in every place which I will cause my name to be remembered I will come to you and will bless you. And if you make for me an altar of stones, you shall not build them from hewnstone; when you have swung your sword over it, you have polluted it. And you will not ascend the steps of my altar, so that your nakedness will not be uncovered upon it.’”

- a. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- b. תֹּאמַר = Qal Impf 2ms (אמר) “you (ms) will say”
- c. רָאִיתֶם = Qal P 2mp (ראה) “you (mp) have seen”
- d. דִּבַּרְתִּי = Piel P 1cs (דבר) “I spoke”
- e. תַּעֲשֶׂוּן = Qal Impf 2mp (עשה) “you (mp) will make”
- f. תַּעֲשׂוּ = Qal Impf 2mp (עשה) “you (mp) will make”
- g. תַּעֲשֶׂשׂוּ = Qal Impf 2ms (עשה) “you (ms) will make”
- h. וְזָבַחְתָּ = Qal PC 2ms (זבח) “you (ms) will sacrifice”
- i. אֶזְכֵּיר = Hiphil Impf 1cs (זכר) “I will cause to remember”
- j. אָבוֹא = Qal Impf 1cs (בוא) “I will come”
- k. וַיְבָרֶכְתִּיךָ = Piel PC 1cs + sfx 2ms (ברך) “I will bless you (ms)”
- l. תִּבְנֶה = Qal Impf 2ms (בנה) “you will build”
- m. הִנֵּכְתָּ = Hiphil P 2ms (נוף) “you have swung”
- n. וַתַּחַלְלֵהָ = Piel NP 2ms + sfx 3fs (חלל) “you have polluted it”
- o. תַּעֲלֶה = Qal Impf 2ms (עלה) “you will go up”
- p. תִּגְלֶה = Niphal Impf 3fs (גלה) “it (f) will be uncovered”

24.9: Exegetical Exercises - Euphemism

- A. “For Job said, ‘Perhaps my sons have sinned, and they have blessed God in their hearts.’”
- B. בִּרְךְ is glossed as “curse”.
- C. “When he lies down, know the place which he will lie down there. And Go! and uncover the place of his feet and lie down,⁴¹ and he will tell you that which you should do.”
 - 1.
 - a. In Leviticus 18 and 20, it speaks of uncovering someone’s nakedness
 - b. Deut 23:1 and 27:20, it means “having sex”, while in Isa 22:8 indicates something more forceful.
 - c. Exodus 4:25 seems to mean “genitalia”. Judges and 1 Samuel indicate using the bathroom. Isaiah 6:2 must mean the angel is literally covering its feet.
 - d. All four mean “to have sex”
 - 2.
 - a. מִרְגְּלָיו
 - b. It occurs six times
 - c. Daniel 10:6
 - d. legs or feet; i.e. NOT euphemistic
 - e. ראש
 - f. It occurs ten times
 - g. headrest, the place where the head goes.
 - h. Likewise, it seems to indicate the place where the feet go.
 - 3. “And he said, ‘May you be blessed by the LORD, my daughter.’”
 - “And now, my daughter, do not fear! All which you have said I will do for you, for all measure [gate?] of my people know that you are a worthy woman.”
 - “Worth” here would indicate moral uprightness, so nothing sexual has occurred.
 - Boaz is keeping the letter of the law in regards to kinsman redemption, therefore, we shouldn’t assume that he would not keep the letter of the law regarding sexual matters.

⁴¹ *Ketiv* reads as a Qal P 1cs, while *Qere* reads it as a Qal Impv fs.

Chapter 25 (כה)

III-א Verbs

25.6: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct;
 Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect;
 PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle;
 Sfx = Suffix

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Sfx | Root | Gloss |
|-------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-----|------|-----------------------------|
| נִקְרָא | Niphal | P | 3 | m | s | - | קרא | he was called ⁴² |
| שִׁלְחֵנוּ | Piel | P | 1 | c | p | - | שלח | we sent |
| יְחַטֵּא | Piel | Impf | 3 | m | s | - | חטא | he will purify |
| וַאֲקִרָא | Qal | NP | 1 | c | s | - | קרא | I called |
| שָׂנֵא | Qal | iC | - | - | - | - | שנא | to hate |
| הִחָטִיא | Hiphil | P | 3 | m | s | - | חטא | he caused someone to sin |
| וַתִּמָּלֵא | Niphal | NP | 3 | f | s | - | מלא | it (f) was filled |
| מִשְׁלִיחַ | Hiphil | PtcA | - | m | s | - | שלח | sending |
| גִּלֵּה | Qal | Impv | - | m | s | - | גלה | Uncover (ms)! |
| תַּעֲשֶׂה | Niphal | Impf | 3 | f | s | - | עשה | it (f) will be made |
| קֹרְאִים | Qal | PtcP | - | m | p | - | קרא | ones who are called |
| חָטָאתִי | Qal | P | 1 | c | s | - | חטא | I have sinned |
| מִלֵּאתָ | Piel | P | 2 | m | s | - | מלא | you filled |

⁴² This form is also that of a Qal Impf 1cp “we will call,” but only occurs twice (Gen 24:57 and Ps 80:19)

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------|--------|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|-------------------|
| קראתיך | Qal | P | 1 | c | s | 2ms | קרא | I called you |
| נגליתי | Niphal | P | 1 | c | s | - | גלה | I revealed myself |

B.

Ex. 20:7-11 - You will not carry the name of the LORD your God for nothing, for the LORD will not hold guiltless whoever carries his name for nothing. Remember the day of the Sabbath to set it apart. Six days you will work and do all of your occupations; but the seventh day is a Sabbath to the LORD your God. You will not do any work, nor your son, nor your daughter, your male servant nor your female servant, nor your cattle, nor your sojourner who is within your gates. For in six days the LORD made the heavens and the earth [and] the sea and all which is in them. And he rested on the seventh day; therefore, the LORD blessed the day of the Sabbath and he set it apart. :

- a. תשא = Qal Impf 2ms (נשא) “you will carry”
- b. נקה = Piel Impf 3ms (נקה) “he will hold guiltless”
- c. ישא = Qal Impf 3ms (נשא) “he will carry”
- d. זכור = Qal iA (זכר) “to remember”
- e. לקדשו = Piel iC + sfx 3ms (קדש) “to set it apart”
- f. תעבד = Qal Impf 2ms (עבד) “you will work”
- g. ועשית = Qal PC 2ms (עשה) “you will do”
- h. תעשה = Qal Impf 2ms (עשה) “you will do”
- i. עשה = Qal P 3ms (עשה) “he made”
- j. וינח = Qal NP 3ms (נוח) “he rested”
- k. ברך = Piel P 3ms (ברך) “he blessed”
- l. ויקדשו = Piel NP 3ms + sfx 3ms (קדש) “he set it apart”

Ex. 7:8-13 - And the LORD said to Moses and Aaron, saying: “When Pharaoh speaks to you, saying: ‘Give for yourselves a sign!’ then you will say to Aaron: ‘Take your staff and throw [it] before Pharaoh!’ Let it become a serpent.” And Moses and Aaron came to Pharaoh and they did just as the LORD commanded and Aaron threw his staff before Pharaoh, and before his servants and it became a serpent. And Pharaoh also called to the wise men and the magicians. And the sorcerers of Egypt, even they did their sorcery thus. And each of them threw down his staff and they became snakes. But the staff of Aaron swallowed their staffs. And heart of Pharaoh hardened and he did not listen to them, just as the LORD had spoken.

- a. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- b. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “saying”
- c. יִדְבֹּר = Piel Impf 3ms (דבר) “he will say”
- d. תֵּנוּ = Qal Impv mp (נתן) “Give (mp)!”
- e. וְאָמַרְתָּ = Qal PC 2ms (אמר) “you (ms) will say”
- f. קַח = Qal Impv ms (לקח) “Take (ms)!”
- g. וְהִשְׁלַךְ = Hiphil Impv ms (שלך) “Throw (ms)!”
- h. יְהִי = Qal Jussive 3ms (היה) “Let it be”
- i. וַיָּבֹא = Qal NP 3ms (בוא) “he came”
- j. וַיַּעֲשׂוּ = Qal NP 3mp (עשה) “they did”
- k. צִוָּה = Piel P 3ms (צוה) “he commanded”
- l. וַיִּשְׁלַךְ = Hiphil NP 3ms (שלך) “he threw”
- m. וַיְהִי = Qal NP 3ms (היה) “it became”
- n. וַיִּקְרָא = Qal NP 3ms (קרא) “he called”
- o. מְכַשְּׁפִים = Piel PtcA mp (כשף) “ones who practice magic”
- p. וַיִּשְׁלִיכוּ = Hiphil NP 3mp (שלך) “they threw”
- q. וַיְהִי = Qal NP 3mp (היה) “they became”
- r. וַיִּבְלַע = Qal NP 3ms (בלע) “it swallowed”
- s. וַיִּחְזַק = Qal NP 3ms (חזק) “it hardened”
- t. שָׁמַע = Qal P 3ms (שמע) “he listened”
- u. דִּבֶּר = Piel P 3ms (דבר) “he spoke”

1 Kings 22:1-9 - And they dwelled three years. There was no war between Aram and Israel. And it was in the third year and Jehoshaphat, king of Judah went down to the king of Israel. And the king of Israel said to his servants, “Did you know that Ramoth-Gilead belongs to us? And we are being silent from taking it from the hand of the king of Aram.” And he said to Jehoshaphat, “Are you going with me to fight [in/for] Ramoth-Gilead?” And Jehoshaphat said to the king of Israel, “I am just as you are, my people are just as your people, my horses are just as your horses.” And Jehoshaphat said to the king of Israel, “Seek, now, this day, the word of the LORD.” And the king of Israel gathered the prophets, about four hundred men and he said to them, “Should I go against Ramoth-Gilead to fight, or should I cease?” And they said, “Go up! my lord has given it into the hand of the king.” And Jehoshaphat said, “Isn’t there here yet a prophet of the LORD? Let us seek from him.” And the king of Israel said to Jehoshaphat, “[There is] yet one man to seek the LORD from him, but I hate him. For, he will not prophesy to me good, but only evil; Micaiah, son of Imlah.” And Jehoshaphat said, “The king should not say this.” The king of Israel called a certain eunuch and said, “Hurry to Micaiah, son of Imlah.”

- a. וַיֵּשְׁבוּ = Qal NP 3mp (ישב) “they dwelled”
- b. וַיְהִי = Qal NP 3ms (היה) “it was”
- c. וַיֵּרֶד = Qal NP 3ms (ירד) “he went down”
- d. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- e. הֲיָדַעְתֶּם = Qal P 2mp + ה interrogative (ידע) “Did you (mp) know?”
- f. מְחֹשִׁים = Hiphil PtcA mp (חשה) “being silent”
- g. מִקְּחָת = Qal iC + min (לקח) “from taking”
- h. הֲתֵלֵךְ = Qal Impf 2ms + ה interrogative (הלך) “Are you going?”
- i. דַּרְשׁ = Qal Impv ms (דרש) “Seek (ms)!”
- j. וַיִּקְבֹּץ = Qal NP 3ms (קבץ) “he gathered”
- k. הֲאֵלֵךְ = Qal Impf 1cs + interrogative (הלך) “Should I go?”
- l. אֶחְדָּל = Qal Impf 1cs (in pause) (חדל) “I will cease”
- m. וַיֹּאמְרוּ = Qal NP 3mp (אמר) “they said”
- n. עֲלֵה = Qal Impv ms (עלה) “Go up (ms)!”
- o. וַיֵּתֶן = Qal NP 3ms (נתן) “he has given”
- p. וְנִדְרָשָׁה = Qal Cohortative 1cp (דרש) “Let us seek”
- q. לְדַרְשׁ = Qal iC (דרש) “to seek”
- r. שִׂנְאָתִיו = Qal P 1cs + sfx 3ms (שנא) “I hate him”
- s. יִתְנַבֵּא = Hithpael Impf 3ms (נבא) “he will prophesy”
- t. יֹאמֶר = Qal Jussive 3ms (אמר) “Let him say”
- u. מְהֵרָה = Piel Impv ms (מהר) “Hurry (ms)!”

25.7: Exegetical Exercises - Secondary Volitives

- A. “Go! Speak to Pharaoh, king of Egypt, and that he might let the sons of Israel go from his land.”
- a. $\text{בֹּא} = \text{Qal Impv ms (בוא)}$ “Go!”
 - b. $\text{דַּבֵּר} = \text{Piel Impv ms (דבר)}$ “Speak!”
 - c. $\text{וְיִשְׁלַח} = \text{Piel Impf 3ms (שלח)}$ “He will let go”
 - d. Modal Imperfect
- B. ESV and NIV translate as an infinitive “to let go”
- C.
- a. And the LORD said to Moses, “Go to Pharaoh and say to him, ‘Thus says the LORD: “Let my people go! that they may serve me.”’”
 - i. Secondary Volitive
 - b. And the LORD said to Moses, “Gather for me 70 men of the elders of Israel whom you know that they are elders of the people, and its officers. And you shall bring them to the tent of meeting, and they shall station themselves there with you.”
 - i. Narrative
 - c. And the servants of Pharaoh said to him, “How long will this man be as a trap to us? Let the men go, that they may serve the LORD.”
 - i. Secondary Volitive
 - d. Go to the flock and bring me from there two healthy young goats, that I may make them into delicacies for your father, just as he loves.
 - i. Secondary Volitive
 - e. And the young woman was very beautiful and she was a servant to the king. And she served him, but the king did not know her.
 - i. Narrative

Chapter 26 (כו)

Middle-Weak Verbs

26.9: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct;
 Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect;
 PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle;
 Sfx = Suffix

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Sfx | Root | Gloss |
|------------|----------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-----|------|-------------------------|
| תִּרְאוּ | Qal | Impf | 2 | m | p | - | ראה | you (mp) will see |
| סָרָה | Qal | P | 3 | f | s | - | סור | it (f) turned aside |
| רָצוּ | Qal | P | 3 | c | p | - | רצה | they were pleased |
| רָצוּ | Qal | P | 3 | c | p | - | רוץ | they ran |
| תִּקְמוּ | Qal | Impf | 2 | m | p | - | קום | you (mp) will rise |
| יִסֵּר | Hiphil | Impf | 3 | m | s | - | סור | he will remove |
| שָׁבְנוּ | Qal | P | 1 | c | p | - | שוב | we returned |
| יָסַר | Qal | Impf | 3 | m | s | - | סור | he turned aside |
| וַיָּקָם | Qal | NP | 3 | m | s | - | קום | he raised |
| שָׁמָּה | Qal | P | 2 | f | s | - | שים | she placed |
| יָסוּר | Qal | Impf | 3 | m | s | - | סור | he turned aside |
| קוּמִי | Qal | Impv | - | f | s | - | קום | Rise (fs)! |
| וַיּוּשֶׁם | Qal Pass | NP | 3 | m | s | - | שים | it (m) was placed |
| תָּרִיצִי | Hiphil | Impf | 3 | f | s | - | רוץ | she will run quickly |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------|------|---|---|---|---|-------|---------|
| מְשִׁים | Hiphil ⁴³ | PtcA | - | m | s | - | שִׁים | setting |
|---------|----------------------|------|---|---|---|---|-------|---------|

B.

Gen. 43:1-3 - A severe famine was in the land. And it was as they finished eating the grain which they had brought in from Egypt, their father said to them, “Return to buy grain for we have little food.” And Judah said to him, “the man certainly warned us, saying: ‘you will not see my face without your brother with you.’”

- a. וַיְהִי = Qal NP 3ms (היה) “it was”
- b. כָּלוּ = Piel P 3cp (כלה) “they finished”
- c. לֶאֱכֹל = Qal iC (אכל) “eating”
- d. הֵבִיאוּ = Hiphil P 3cp (בוא) “they brought”
- e. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- f. שֹׁבוּ = Qal Impv mp (שוב) “Return (mp)! ”
- g. שֶׁבֶר = Qal Impv mp (שבר) “Buy grain (mp)! ”
- h. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “saying”
- i. הָעֵד = Hiphil iA (עוד) “to warn”
- j. הָעֵד = Hiphil P 3ms (עוד) “he warned”
- k. תִּרְאוּ = Qal Impf 2mp (ראה) “you (mp) will see”

⁴³ Though, see note in HALOT concerning the Hiphil of שִׁים

Ex. 20:18-21 - And all the people were seeing the sounds and the flames and the sound of the shofar and the mountain smoking. The people saw and they trembled and they stood at a distance. And they said to Moses, “You speak with us and let us listen. But let not God speak with us, lest we die” And Moses said to the people, “Do not fear! for in the produce of testing you, the God has come, and in the produce his fear will be upon your faces, for you to not sin.” And the people stood at a distance and Moses drew near to the cloud which is where the God was.

- a. רָאִים = Qal PtcA mp (ראה) “seeing”
- b. וַיֵּרְא = Qal NP 3mp (ראה) “they saw”
- c. וַיִּגְעֻזוּ = Qal NP 3mp (נוע) “they trembled”
- d. וַיַּעֲמֻדוּ = Qal NP 3mp (עמד) “they stood”
- e. וַיֹּאמְרוּ = Qal NP 3mp (אמר) “they said”
- f. דַּבֵּר = Piel Impv ms (דבר) “Speak (ms)!”
- g. וְנִשְׁמָעָה = Qal Cohortative 1cp (שמע) “Let us listen”
- h. יְדַבֵּר = Piel Jussive 3ms (דבר) “Let him speak”
- i. נָמוּת = Qal Impf 1cp (מות) “we will die”
- j. תִּירָאוּ = Qal Jussive 2mp (ירא) “May you fear”
- k. נִסּוּת = Piel iC (נסה) “to test”
- l. בָּא = Qal P 3ms (בוא) “he has come”
- m. תִּהְיֶה = Qal Impf 3fs (היה) “it (f) will be”
- n. תִּחַטָּאוּ = Qal Impf 2mp (חטא) “you will not sin”
- o. וַיַּעֲמֵד = Qal NP 3ms (עמד) “he [the people] stood”
- p. נִגַּשׁ = Niphal P 3ms (נגש) “he drew near”

Ex. 3:15-22 - And God again said to Moses, “Thus you will say to the sons of Israel: ‘The LORD, God of your fathers, God of Abraham, God of Isaac, and God of Jacob has sent me to you. This is my name forever and this is my memorial from generation to generation.’ Go! and you will gather the elders of Israel and you will say to them: ‘The LORD, God of your fathers has appeared to me, the God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, saying: “I have certainly attended to you and that which was done to you in Egypt. And I say, ‘I will bring you up from the affliction of Egypt, to the land of the Canaanites and the Hittites and the Amorites and the Perizzites and the Hivites and the Jebusites, to a land flowing with milk and honey.’”’ And they will listen to your voice and you will go, you and the elders of Israel to the king of Egypt and you will say to him, ‘The LORD, God of the Hebrews, has encountered us. And now, let us go, now, a journey of three days into the wilderness, and let us sacrifice to the LORD our God.’ But, I know that the king of Egypt will not give you leave to go; only by a strong hand. And I will send forth my hand and will smite Egypt with all my wonders which I will do in his midst. And after this, he will release you. And I will give grace of this people in the eyes of Egypt and it will be that they will go and they will not go empty-handed. And a woman will ask her neighbor and from the sojourner in her house for silver things and gold things and clothing. And you will place them upon your sons and upon your daughters and will strip Egypt bare.

- a. תֹּאמַר = Qal Impf 2ms (אמר) “you will say”
- b. שְׁלַחְנִי = Qal P 3ms + sfx 1cs (שלח) “he has sent me”
- c. לֵךְ = Qal Impv ms (הלך) “Go (ms)!”
- d. וְאַסְפֶּתָּ = Qal PC 2ms (אסף) “you (ms) will gather”
- e. וְאָמַרְתָּ = Qal PC 2ms (אמר) “you (ms) will say”
- f. נִרְאָה = Niphal P 3ms (ראה) “he appeared”
- g. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “saying”
- h. פִּקֹּד = Qal iA (פקד) “to attend to”
- i. פִּקַּדְתִּי = Qal P 1cs (פקד) “I have attended to”
- j. הַעֲשֵׂוֹי = Qal PtcP ms (עשה) “the thing done”
- k. וְאָמַר = Qal NP 1cs (אמר) “I say”
- l. אֶעֱלֶה = Hiphil Impf 1cs (עלה) “I will bring up”
- m. זֹבַח = Qal PtcA fs (זבח) “flowing”
- n. וְשָׁמְעוּ = Qal PC 3cp (שמע) “they will listen”
- o. וּבִאֲתָ = Qal PC 2ms (בוא) “you (ms) will go”
- p. וְאָמַרְתָּם = Qal PC 2mp (אמר) “you (mp) will say”
- q. נִקְרָה = Niphal P 3ms (קרה) “he encountered”
- r. נֵלְכָה = Qal Cohortative 1cp (הלך) “Let us go”
- s. וְנִזְבַּחַהּ = Qal Cohortative 1cp (זבח) “Let us sacrifice”
- t. יָדַעְתִּי = Qal P 1cs (ידע) “I know”

- u. יתן = Qal Impf 3ms (נתן) “he will give leave”
- v. להלך = Qal iC (הלך) “to go”
- w. ושלחתי = Qal PC 1cs (שלח) “I will send forth”
- x. והפיתי = Hiphil PC 1cs (נכה) “I will smite”
- y. נפלאתי = Niphal Ptc fp + sfx 1cs (פלא) “my things that are wonderful”
- z. אעשה = Qal Impf 1cs (עשה) “I will do”
- aa. ישלח = Piel Impf 3ms (שלח) “he will release”
- bb. ונתתי = Qal PC 1cs (נתן) “I will give”
- cc. והיה = Qal PC 3ms (היה) “it will be”
- dd. תלכו = Qal Impf 2mp + paragogic *nun* (הלך) “you (mp) will go”
- ee. תלכו = Qal Impf 2mp (הלך) “you (mp) will go”
- ff. ושאלה = Qal PC 3fs (שאל) “she will ask”
- gg. ושמעתם = Qal PC 2mp (שם) “you (mp) will place”
- hh. ונצלתם = Piel PC 2mp (נצל) “you (mp) will strip bare”

26.10: Exegetical Exercises - Hebrew Poetry

1. Many are saying of my soul / there is no salvation for him in God
2. Hear, Mountains, the lawsuit of the LORD / [Hear, also] the everlasting foundations of the earth
3. Rise! Shine! for your light has come / And the glory of the LORD has risen upon you
4. From where will my wisdom be found? / And where is this; that is, the place of understanding?
5. Come! Eat my bread / and drink the wine I have poured⁴⁴

⁴⁴ On the distributive use of ב, cf. *IBHS* 11.2.5.f.30.

Chapter 27 (כז)

I-י Verbs

27.7: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct;
 Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect;
 PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle;
 Sfx = Suffix

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Sfx | Root | Gloss |
|---------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-----|--------|------------------------------------|
| יָנִיחַ | Niphal | Impf | 3 | m | s | - | יָנַח | he will become poor |
| וַיֵּטְבוּ | Qal | NP | 3 | m | p | - | יָטַב | they were good |
| וְהוֹרִדְתֶּם | Hiphil | PC | 2 | m | p | - | יָרַד | you (mp) will bring down |
| יִשְׁכְּתוּ | Qal | P | 2 | m | s | - | יָשַׁב | you (ms) have dwelled |
| רֵשׁ | Qal | Impv | - | m | s | - | יָרַשׁ | Possess! |
| הוֹשַׁבְתֶּם | Hophal | P | 2 | m | p | - | יָשַׁב | You (mp) are made to dwell |
| הִגִּיד | Hiphil | iC | - | - | - | - | נָגַד | to declare |
| הוֹרִשְׁתֶּם | Hiphil | P | 2 | m | p | - | יָרַשׁ | you (mp) have caused to dispossess |
| שָׁכַת | Qal | iC | - | - | - | - | יָשַׁב | to dwell |
| יֵיטִיב | Hiphil | Impf | 3 | m | s | - | יָטַב | it will be good |
| הוֹרִידוּ | Hiphil | P | 3 | c | p | - | יָרַד | they brought down |
| יִשְׁבּוּ | Piel | P | 3 | c | p | - | יָשַׁב | they will settle |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|------|------|---|---|---|-----|-----|--------------------|
| רָשַׁת | Qal | iC | - | - | - | - | ירש | to possess |
| מורִשֵּׁם | Hiph | PtcA | - | m | s | 3mp | ירש | dispossessing them |

B.

Gen. 43:4-7 - If you will send our brother with us, may we go down and may we buy grain for you for food. But if you will not send [him], we will not go down, because the man said to us, “you will not see my face without your brother with you.” And Israel said, “Why have you done evil to me, to tell the man, you had still another brother?” And they said, “The man certainly asked about us and about our family, saying, ‘Is your father still alive? Do you have a brother?’ and we told him upon the mouth of these things. Could we have certainly known that he would say, ‘Bring down your brother!’?”

- a. מְשַׁלֵּחַ = Piel PtcA ms (שלח) “sending”
- b. נִרְדָּה = Qal Cohortative 1cp (ירד) “may we go down”
- c. נִשְׁבְּרָה = Qal Cohortative 1cp (שבר) “may we buy grain”
- d. נִרְדָּה = Qal Impf 1cp (ירד) “we will go down”
- e. אָמַר = Qal P 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- f. תִּרְאוּ = Qal Impf 2mp (ראה) “you (mp) will see”
- g. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- h. הִרְעַתֶּם = Hiphil P 2mp (רעע) “you have done evil”
- i. לְהַגִּיד = Hiphil iC (נגד) “to tell”
- j. וַיֹּאמְרוּ = Qal NP 3mp (אמר) “they said”
- k. שְׁאוֹל = Qal iA (שאל) “to ask”
- l. שָׁאַל = Qal P 3ms (שאל) “he asked”
- m. לֹאמַר = Qal iC (אמר) “saying”
- n. וַנִּגַּד = Hiphil NP 1cp (נגד) “we told”
- o. הֵיכִידוּעַ = Qal iA + ה interrogative (ידע) “to know”
- p. נִדְעָה = Qal Impf 1cp (ידע) “we will know”
- q. יֹאמַר = Qal Impf 3ms (אמר) “he will say”
- r. הוֹרִידוּ = Hiphil Impv mp (ירד) “Bring down (mp)!”

Judg. 3:12-14 - And the sons of Israel again did the evil in the eyes of the LORD and the LORD strengthened Eglon, king of Moab, against Israel, on account of the fact that they did the evil in the eyes of the LORD. And he gathered to him the sons of Ammon and Amalek, and he went and struck Israel and they possessed the city of palms. And the sons of Israel served Eglon, king of Moab, 18 years.

- a. וַיַּסְפּוּ = Hiphil NP 3mp (יסף) “they did again”
- b. לַעֲשׂוֹת = Qal iC (עשה) “to do”
- c. וַיַּחֲזֶק = Piel NP 3ms (חזק) “he strengthened”
- d. עָשׂוּ = Qal P 3cp (עשה) “they did”
- e. וַיֵּאַסֶּף = Qal NP 3ms (אסף) “he gathered”
- f. וַיֵּלֶךְ = Qal NP 3ms (הלך) “he went”
- g. וַיִּךְ = Hiphil NP 3ms (נכה) “he struck”
- h. וַיִּירָשׁוּ = Qal NP 3mp (ירש) “they possessed”
- i. וַיַּעֲבֹדוּ = Qal NP 3mp (עבד) “they served”

Josh. 24:1-5 - Joshua gathered all the tribes of Israel to Shechem and called to the elders of Israel, and to its heads and to its judges and to its officials. And they stationed themselves before the God. And Joshua said to all the people, “Thus says the LORD, God of Israel: ‘In the region beyond the river, your fathers dwelled, from ages past; Terah, father of Abraham and father of Nahor. And they served other gods. And I took your father Abraham from the region across the river and I led him through all the land of Canaan, and I multiplied his seed and I gave to him Isaac. And I gave to Isaac, Jacob and Esau, and I gave to Esau the hill of Seir to possess it. Meanwhile, Jacob and his sons went down to Egypt. And I sent Moses and Aaron and I struck Egypt with what I did in its midst. And afterward, I brought you out.’”

- a. וַיִּגְדֹּף = Qal NP 3ms (אסף) “he gathered”
- b. וַיִּקְרָא = Qal NP 3ms (קרא) “he called”
- c. וַיִּתְּנָצְבוּ = Hithpael NP 3mp (יצב) “they stationed themselves”
- d. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- e. אָמַר = Qal P 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- f. יָשְׁבוּ = Qal P 3cp (ישב) “they dwelled”
- g. וַיַּעֲבֹדוּ = Qal NP 3mp (עבד) “they served”
- h. וַיִּקַּח = Qal NP 1cs (לקח) “I took”
- i. וַיְהִי = Hiphil NP 1cs (הלך) “I led”
- j. וַיִּרְבֶּה⁴⁵ = Hiphil NP 1cs (רבה) “I multiplied”
- k. וַיִּתֵּן = Qal NP 1cs (נתן) “I gave”
- l. לְרִשְׁתָּהּ = Qal iC (ירש) “to possess”
- m. יָרְדוּ = Qal P 3cp (ירד) “they went down”
- n. וַיִּשְׁלַח = Qal NP 1cs (שלח) “I sent”
- o. וַיִּזְגַּף = Qal NP 1cs (נגף) “I struck”
- p. עָשִׂיתִי = Qal P 1CS (עשה) “I did”
- q. הוֹצֵאתִי = Hiphil P 1cs (יצא) “I brought out”

⁴⁵ The *Ketiv* reads וַיִּרְבֶּךָ, vocalized to match the *Qere* וַיִּרְבֶּה. However, this form would generally be parsed as the Cohortative “may I multiply his seed”. It would seem that the *Ketiv* is accurate in this instance as III-ה verbs apocope when used as preterites.

Josh. 24:6-10 - And I brought your fathers from out of Egypt and you (mp) entered the sea. And Egypt [they] chased after your fathers with chariot and horsemen to the Red Sea. And they cried to the LORD and he placed a darkness between you and between the Egyptians and brought the sea in upon him. And he covered him. And your eyes saw that which I did in Egypt and you have dwelt in the wilderness for many days. And I brought you into the land of the Amorites, the ones who lived in the region across the Jordan, and they made war with you. And I gave them into your hand and you possessed their land, and I exterminated them from before you. And Balaq, son of Tsippor, king of Moab, rose up and he made war against Israel. And he sent and called for Balaam, son of Beor to curse you. But, I was not willing to listen to Balaam. He surely blessed you! And I delivered you from his hand.

- a. **וַאֲצִיא** = Hiphil NP 1cs (יצא) “I brought out”
- b. **וַתָּבֹאוּ** = Qal NP 2mp (בוא) “you entered”
- c. **וַיִּרְדְּפוּ** = Qal NP 3mp (רדף) “they chased”
- d. **וַיִּצְעֲקוּ** = Qal NP 3mp (צעק) “they cried”
- e. **וַיָּשֶׂם** = Qal NP 3ms (שם) “he placed”
- f. **וַיָּבֵא** = Hiphil NP 3ms (בוא) “he brought in”
- g. **וַיִּכְסֶהוּ** = Piel NP 3ms + sfx 3ms (כסה) “he covered him”
- h. **וַתִּרְאֶינָה** = Qal NP 3fp (ראה) “they (f) saw”
- i. **עָשִׂיתִי** = Qal P 1cs (עשה) “I did”
- j. **וַתֵּשְׁבוּ** = Qal NP 2mp (ישב) “you have dwelt”
- k. **וַאֲבִיא** = Hiphil NP 1cs (בוא) “I brought in”
- l. **הַיֹּשֵׁב** = Qal PtcA ms (ישב) “the one who dwells”
- m. **וַיִּלְחֲמוּ** = Niphal NP 3mp (לחם) “they made war”
- n. **וָאֶתַּן** = Qal NP 1cs (נתן) “I gave”
- o. **וַתִּירְשׁוּ** = Qal NP 2mp (ירש) “you possessed”
- p. **וַאֲשַׁמְדֵם** = Hiphil NP 1cs + sfx 3mp (שמד) “I exterminated them”
- q. **וַיָּקָם** = Qal NP 3ms (קום) “he rose”
- r. **וַיִּלְחֶם** = Niphal NP 3ms (לחם) “he made war”
- s. **וַיִּשְׁלַח** = Qal NP 3ms (שלח) “he sent”
- t. **וַיִּקְרָא** = Qal NP 3ms (קרא) “he called”
- u. **לְקַלֵּל** = Piel iC (קלל) “to curse”
- v. **אָבִיתִי** = Qal P 1cs (אבה) “I was willing”
- w. **לְשָׁמַע** = Qal iC (שמע) “to listen”
- x. **וַיְבָרֶךְ** = Piel NP 3ms (ברך) “he blessed”
- y. **בְּרוּךְ** = Piel iA (ברך) “to bless”
- z. **וָאֶצֵּל** = Hiphil NP 1cs (נצל) “I delivered”

Josh. 24:11-13 - And you passed over the Jordan and came to Jericho, and the lords of Jericho made war against you; [also] the Amorites, Perizzites, Canaanites, Hittites, Girgashites, Hivites, and the Jebusites. And I gave them into your hand. And I sent before you the hornet, which drove them from before you, the two kings of the Amorites. It was not by your sword and it was not by your bow. And I gave to you a land which you did not toil for it, and cities which you did not build. And you dwelled in them. Vineyards and olive orchards which you did not plant them, you are eating [from].”

- a. וַתַּעֲבְרוּ = Qal NP 2mp (עבר) “you passed over”
- b. וַתָּבֹאוּ = Qal NP 2mp (בוא) “you came”
- c. וַיִּלָּחֶמוּ = Niphal NP 3mp (לחם) “they made war”
- d. וָאֲנִי = Qal NP 1cs (נתן) “I gave”
- e. וָאֲשַׁלַּח = Qal NP 1cs (שלח) “I sent”
- f. וַתִּגְרֹשׁ = Piel NP 3fs (גרש) “it (f) drove out”
- g. וַיַּעֲטוּ = Qal P 2ms (יגע) “you (ms) toiled”
- h. וַיִּבְנוּ = Qal P 2mp (בנה) “you (mp) built”
- i. וַתִּשְׁבוּ = Qal NP 2mp (ישב) “you (mp) dwelled”
- j. וַתִּטְעֶם = Qal P 2mp (נטע) “you (mp) planted”
- k. וְאֵכֶלֶם = Qal PtcA mp (אכל) “eating”

27.8: Exegetical Exercises - Theological Controversies

- A. The LORD possessed me [at the] beginning of his way / the first of his acts of old // From eternity I was installed / from the first, from before the beginning of the earth
- קנה has two basic meanings, either “to possess, acquire, buy” or “to create, make”. Therefore, ESV, NJPS, and NETS all are justifiable in their translations. Though, possession seems to be the desired idea. Had the author wanted to speak of Wisdom as created, ברא would have been a more natural choice.
 - Wisdom = the WORD that was in the beginning with God and was God; Though Athanasius and his followers pointed to Prov 8:30, in response, citing the word אָמֵן. They translate this word as “always,” and point out the fact that it says that the speaker of Prov 8 (wisdom = Jesus) was “always in his presence,” as 8:30b says.
 - ראשית
 - Responses will vary. Key points to consider are: multiple meanings of קנה (in Hebrew, but not in the LXX that Arius used; i.e. κτίζω), typological (as opposed to actual) equation of Wisdom with Christ, and other considerations.
 - Most importantly, though, is to highlight the *theological* nature of the issue, and not merely the *exegetical* nature.

Chapter 28 (כה)

Geminate Verbs and Minor Stems

28.8: Language Exercises

A. Abbreviations: Coh = Cohortative; iA = Infinitive Absolute; iC = Infinitive Construct;
Impf = Imperfect; Impv = Imperative; NP = Narrative Preterite; P = Perfect;
PC = Converted Perfect; PtcA = Active Participle; PtcP = Passive Participle;
Sfx = Suffix

| Hebrew | Stem | Conj. | Person | Gender | Number | Sfx | Root | Gloss |
|------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-----|------|--------------------|
| סָבְבוּ | Qal | P | 3 | c | p | - | סבב | they went around |
| תָּמְאוּ | Qal | P | 3 | c | p | - | תמם | they were finished |
| סָבִי | Qal | Impv | - | f | s | - | סבב | Go around (fs)! |
| וַיִּגְלֶה | Qal | NP | 3 | m | s | - | גלה | he uncovered |
| אָרַר | Qal | iA | - | - | - | - | ארר | to curse |
| הוּקַם | Hophal | P | 3 | m | s | - | קום | it was raised |
| וַיִּשֶׂם | Qal | NP | 3 | m | s | - | שים | he placed |
| תִּתֵּם | Hiphil | Impf | 2 | m | s | - | תמם | you will finish |
| וַנִּסֵּב | Qal | NP | 1 | c | p | - | סבב | we went around |
| נִגְלְתָהּ | Niphal | P | 3 | f | s | - | גלה | it was revealed |
| יִהְיֶה | Hiphil | Impf | 3 | m | s | - | הלל | it will flash |
| הִסַּבְתָּ | Hiphil | P | 2 | m | s | - | סבב | you have turned |
| מְשִׁים | Hiphil | PtcA | - | m | s | - | שים | setting |

B.

Judg. 1:1-8 - And it was after the death of Joshua, the sons of Israel inquired of the LORD, saying, “Who shall go up for us to the Canaanite at the front to make war with him?” And the LORD said, “Judah will go up, behold! I have given the land into his hand.” And Judah said to Simeon, his brother, “Come up with me into my border and let us make war against the Canaanite and I shall go, also, I with you, into your border” and Simeon went with him. And Judah went up and the LORD gave the Canaanite and the Perizzite into their hand, and they struck them in Bezek, 100,000 men. And they found Adoni-Bezek in Bezek and they made war with him and they struck the Canaanite and the Perizzite. And Adoni-Bezek fled, and they chased after him, and they caught him, and they cut off the thumbs of both his hands and both his feet. And Adoni-Bezek said, “Seventy kings, having had the thumbs of both their hands and both their feet cut off, they were gatherers under my table. As I have done, this God has repaid me.” And they brought him to Jerusalem and he died there. And the sons of Israel made war against Jerusalem and captured it and struck it by the edge of the sword, and they shot the city with fire.

- a. וַיְהִי = Qal NP 3ms (היה) “it was”
- b. וַיִּשְׁאַלוּ = Qal NP 3mp (שאל) “they inquired”
- c. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “saying”
- d. יֵעֲלֶה = Qal Impf 3ms (עלה) “he will go up”
- e. לְהִלָּחֵם = Niphal iC (לחם) “to make war”
- f. וַיֹּאמֶר = Qal NP 3ms (אמר) “he said”
- g. נָתַתִּי = Qal P 1cs (נתן) “I have given”
- h. עֲלֵה = Qal Impv ms (עלה) “Go up!”
- i. וְנִלְחָמָהּ = Niphal Cohortative 1cp (לחם) “let us make war”
- j. וְהֵלַכְתִּי = Qal PC 1cs (הלך) “I will go”
- k. וַיֵּלֶךְ = Qal NP 3ms (הלך) “he went”
- l. וַיַּעַל = Qal NP 3ms (עלה) “he went up”
- m. וַיִּתֵּן = Qal NP 3ms (נתן) “he gave”
- n. וַיַּכּוּם = Hiphil NP 3mp + sfx 3mp (נכה) “they struck them”
- o. וַיִּמְצְאוּ = Qal NP 3mp (מצא) “they found”
- p. וַיִּלָּחֲמוּ = Niphal NP 3mp (לחם) “they made war”
- q. וַיַּכּוּ = Hiphil NP 3mp (נכה) “they struck”
- r. וַיָּנֹס = Qal NP 3ms (נוס) “he fled”
- s. וַיִּרְדְּפוּ = Qal NP 3mp (רדף) “they chased”
- t. וַיִּאָּחְזוּ = Qal NP 3mp (אחז) “they grabbed”
- u. וַיִּקְצְצוּ = Piel NP 3mp (קצץ) “they cut off”
- v. מְקַצְצִים = Pual PtcP mp (קצץ) “having had cut off”
- w. הָיוּ = Qal P 3cp (היה) “they were”

- x. מִלְקָטִים = Piel PtcA mp (לקט) “gathering ones”
- y. עָשִׂיתִי = Qal P 1cs (עשה) “I did”
- z. שָׁלַם = Piel P 3ms (שלם) “he repaid”
- aa. וַיְבִיאוּהוּ = Hiphil NP 3mp + sfx 3ms (בוא) “they brought him”
- bb. וַיָּמָת = Qal NP 3ms (מות) “he died”
- cc. וַיִּלְכְּדוּ = Qal NP 3mp (לכד) “they captured”
- dd. וַיַּכּוּהָ = Hiphil NP 3mp + sfx 3fs (נכה) “they struck it (f)”
- ee. שָׁלַח = Piel P 3cp (שלח) “they shot”

1 Kings 1:1-5 - Now, the King, David was old, he entered in days [advancing in years?].

And they covered him with garments, but it was not warm for him. So his servants said to him, “Let them seek for my lord, the king, a young woman, a virgin, that she would stand before the king and she will be to him an attendant, and she shall lie down at your bosom. It will be warm to my lord, the king.” And they sought a beautiful young woman in all the border of Israel, and they found Abishag, the Shunammite, and they brought her to the king. And the young woman was exceedingly beautiful and she was an attendant to the king and she served him. But the king did not know her. And Adonijah, son of Haggith, was exalting himself, saying, “I will reign.” And he made for himself chariotry and horsemen, and fifty men running before him.

- a. זָקֵן = Qal P 3ms (זקן) “he was old”
- b. בָּא = Qal P 3ms (בוא) “he entered [used idiomatically]”
- c. וַיִּכְסֶהוּ = Piel NP 3mp + sfx 3ms (כסה) “they covered him”
- d. חָם = Qal Impf 3ms (חמם) “it was warm”
- e. וַיֹּאמְרוּ = Qal NP 3mp (אמר) “they said”
- f. יִבְקְשׁוּ = Piel Jussive 3mp (בקש) “let them seek”
- g. וְעָמְדָה = Qal PC 3fs (עמד) “she should stand”
- h. וְהָיָה = Qal Impf 3fs (היה) “she will be”
- i. וְשָׁכְבָה = Qal PC 3fs (שכב) “she will lie down”
- j. חָם = Qal PC 3ms (חמם) “it will be warm”
- k. וַיִּבְקְשׁוּ = Piel NP 3mp (בקש) “they sought”
- l. וַיִּמְצְאוּ = Qal NP 3mp (מצא) “they found”
- m. וַיְבִיאוּ = Hiphil NP 3mp (בוא) “they brought”
- n. וְהָיָה = Qal NP 3fs (היה) “she was”
- o. וַתַּשְׁרְתֵהוּ = Piel NP 3fs + sfx 3ms (שרת) “she served him”
- p. יָדָעָהּ = Qal P 3ms + sfx 3fs (ידע) “he knew her”
- q. מִתְנַשֵּׂא = Hithpael PtcA ms (נשא) “he was exalting himself”
- r. לֵאמֹר = Qal iC (אמר) “saying”
- s. אֶמְלֹךְ = Qal Impf 1cs (מלך) “I will reign”
- t. וַיַּעַשׂ = Qal NP 3ms (עשה) “he made”

u. רָצוּם = Qal PtcA mp (רוץ) “they were running”

Josh. 6:12-17 - And Joshua rose early in the morning, and the priests lifted the ark of the LORD, and the seven priests lifting seven trumpets of rams' horns before the ark of the LORD were walking, going. And they blew the trumpets. And the one who was equipped was walking before them. And the one who was gathering was walking after the ark of the LORD. [The priests] were walking and blowing the trumpets. And they went around the city on the second day one time, and they returned to the camp. Thus they did six days. And it was on the seventh day, they rose early as the dawn was rising, and they went around the city, according to this judgment [manner], seven times. Only on that day did they go around the city seven times. And it was on the seventh time, the priests blew the trumpets, and Joshua said to the people, "Shout! for the LORD has given to you the city. And the city will be a devoted thing, and all with is in it, to the LORD. Only Rahab the prostitute, she will live, and all who are with her in her house, for she hid the messengers whom we sent."

- a. וַיִּשְׁכֶּם - Hiphil NP 3ms (שכם) "he rose early"
- b. וַיִּשָּׂאוּ - Qal NP 3mp (נשא) "they lifted"
- c. וַיִּשָּׂאוּ - Qal PtcA mp (נשא) "lifting (mp)"
- d. הֵלְכִים - Qal PtcA mp (הלך) "walking"
- e. הֵלֹךְ - Qal iA (הלך) "to walk"
- f. וַתִּקְעוּ - Qal PC (תקע) "they were blowing"
- g. וְהַחֲלוּץ - Qal PtcP ms (חליץ) "the one who was equipped"
- h. הֵלֵךְ - Qal PtcA ms (הלך) "walking"
- i. וְהַמְאַסֵּף - Piel PtcA (אסף) "the one gathering"
- j. הֵלֹךְ - Qal iA (הלך) "to walk"⁴⁶
- k. תִּקְוֶעַ - Qal iA (תקע) "to blow"
- l. וַיִּסְבּוּ - Qal NP 3mp (סבב) "they went around"
- m. וַיָּשֻׁבוּ - Qal NP 3mp (שוב) "they returned"
- n. עָשׂוּ - Qal P 3cp (עשה) "they did"
- o. וַיְהִי - Qal NP 3ms (היה) "and it was"
- p. וַיִּשְׁכְּמוּ - Hiphil NP 3mp (שכם) "they rose early"
- q. כַּעֲלֹת - Qal iC (עלה) "as the going up"
- r. סָבְבוּ - Qal P 3cp (סבב) "they went around"
- s. תִּקְעוּ - Qal P 3cp (תקע) "they blew"
- t. וַיֹּאמֶר - Qal NP 3ms (אמר) "he said"
- u. הִרְיעוּ - Hiphil Impv mp (רוע) "Shout (mp)!"
- v. נָתַן - Qal P 3ms (נתן) "he has given"
- w. וְהָיְתָה - Qal PC 3fs (היה) "it will be"
- x. תִּחְיֶה - Qal Impf 3fs (חיה) "she will live"

⁴⁶ *Ketiv* reads הולך and the apparatus notes that multiple manuscripts point this as הולך (i.e., Qal PtcA ms). However, the *Qere* moves the ו to render הלוך (i.e. Qal iA), which matches the previous use as well the the following תִּקְוֶעַ.

y. הִתְחַבֵּאתָה - Hiphil P 3fs (חבא) “she hid”

z. שָׁלַחְנוּ - Qal P 1cp (שלח) “we sent”

28.9: Exegetical Exercises - The Text-Critical Apparatus

A. But the sons of Benjamin did not dispossess the Jebusites dwelling in Jerusalem, and the Jebusites have dwelt with the sons of Benjamin in Jerusalem until this day.

B.

| BHS Symbol/Word | Meaning |
|--------------------|---|
| nonn | some/several |
| Mss | Heb. manuscripts |
| Q ^{Or} | <i>Qere apud Orientales</i> = read w/ Oriental (i.e. Babylonian masoretes) |
| יִשְׁכְּרוּ | Have יִשְׁכְּרוּ |
| cf | confer |
| 27 ^a | note a on v. 27 |

| BHQ Symbol/Word | Meaning |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| G | Old Greek |
| V | Vulgate |
| | Separates a reading from the next |
| pl | plural |
| S | Syriac |
| T | Targum |
| (assim-ctext) | assimilation to context |

C. The BHS/Q textual note indicates that many witnesses have a MP construct form here.

D. Text critical principle - prefer reading that most easily explains other readings - *lectio difficilior*.

E. Judges 5:3

- BHS - a few MSS are missing these two words; BHQ - Relatively unified tradition has these words.
- This appears to be an instance of haplography. Therefore, the credibility of Leningrad is not affected.

F. Judges 16:14

- BHS - before the 1st word, in several MSS the verb has dropped out. LXX has noticeably more text.
- Due to the highly repetitive nature of the story, it appears that at least 1 line was skipped. In addition, the apparatus notes in vs 13 that LXX reads other than MT, including the same initial word. Therefore, this is scribal error.